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(51) INT CL⁶

H04M 1/00

(52) UK CL (Edition P)

H4K KBHX KFH

(56) Documents Cited

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GB 2284126 A

GB 2214754 A

EP 0144042 A2

WO 96/02049 A1

WO 95/22183 A1

US 4776005 A

(58) Field of Search

UK CL (Edition P) H4K KBHX KFH KOD6

INT CL⁶ H04M 1/00

ONLINE: WPI

(54) **A computer controlled telephone apparatus**

(57) A telephone apparatus is disclosed, comprising:

a telephone set 1 for implementing telephony actions on a telephone line, said telephone set including a serial interface 9 for bidirectional communication of data signals; and

a computer executable software application for receiving first ones of said data signals from said telephone set and in response implementing predetermined software functions, and for transmitting further ones of said data signals to said telephone set in response to a user input whereupon said telephone set implements predetermined ones of said telephony functions. The serial link is either a Universal Serial Bus (USB) or an RS-232 link. The controlling software operates in a windows type environment and telephone functions are controlled on-screen using drop-down menus, on-screen buttons and icons.

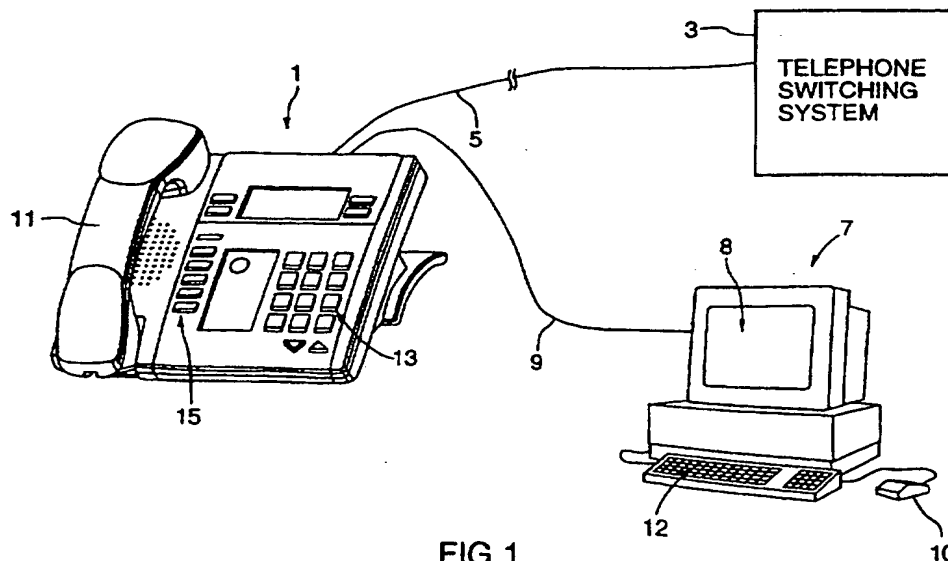


FIG.1

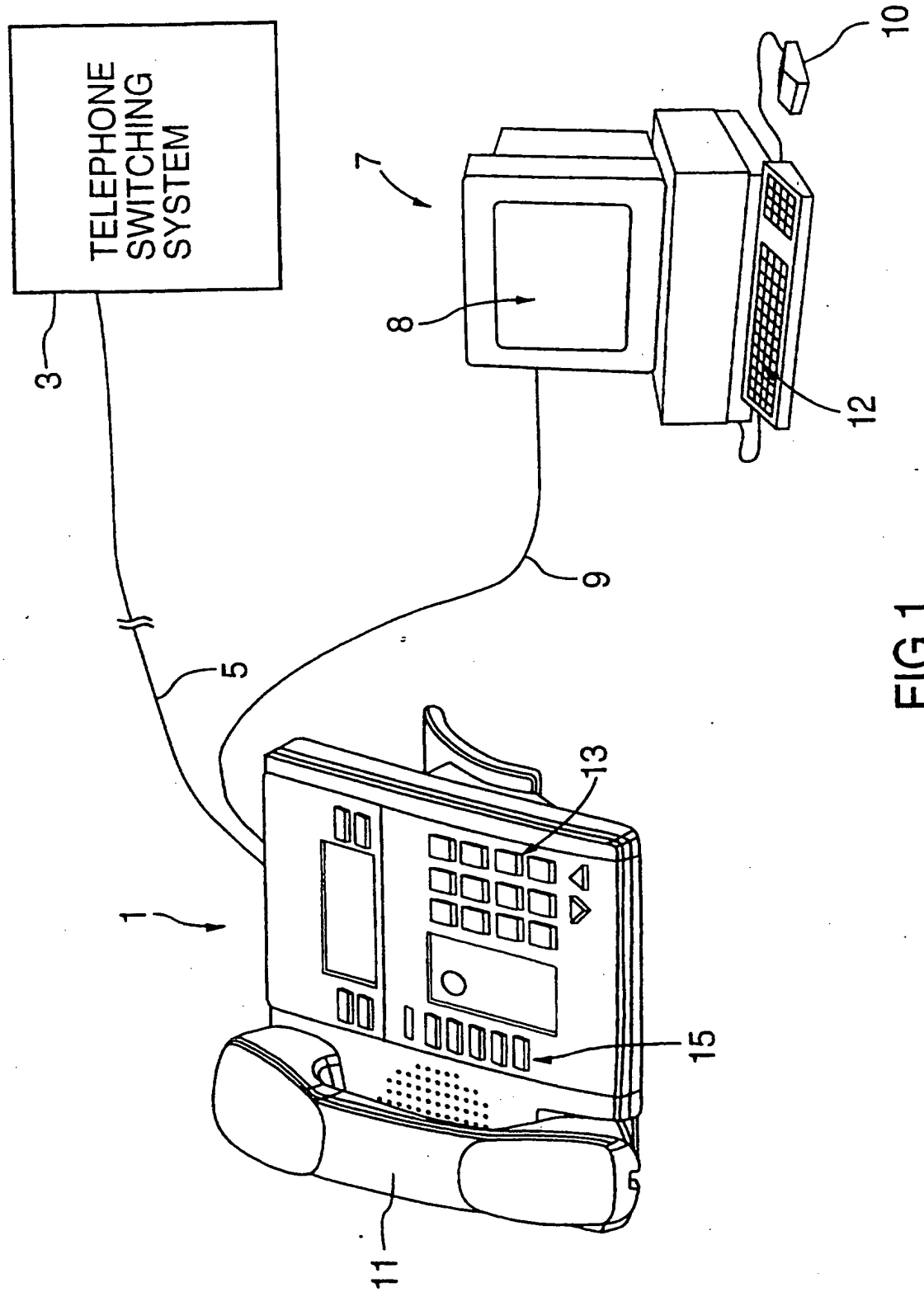


FIG. 1

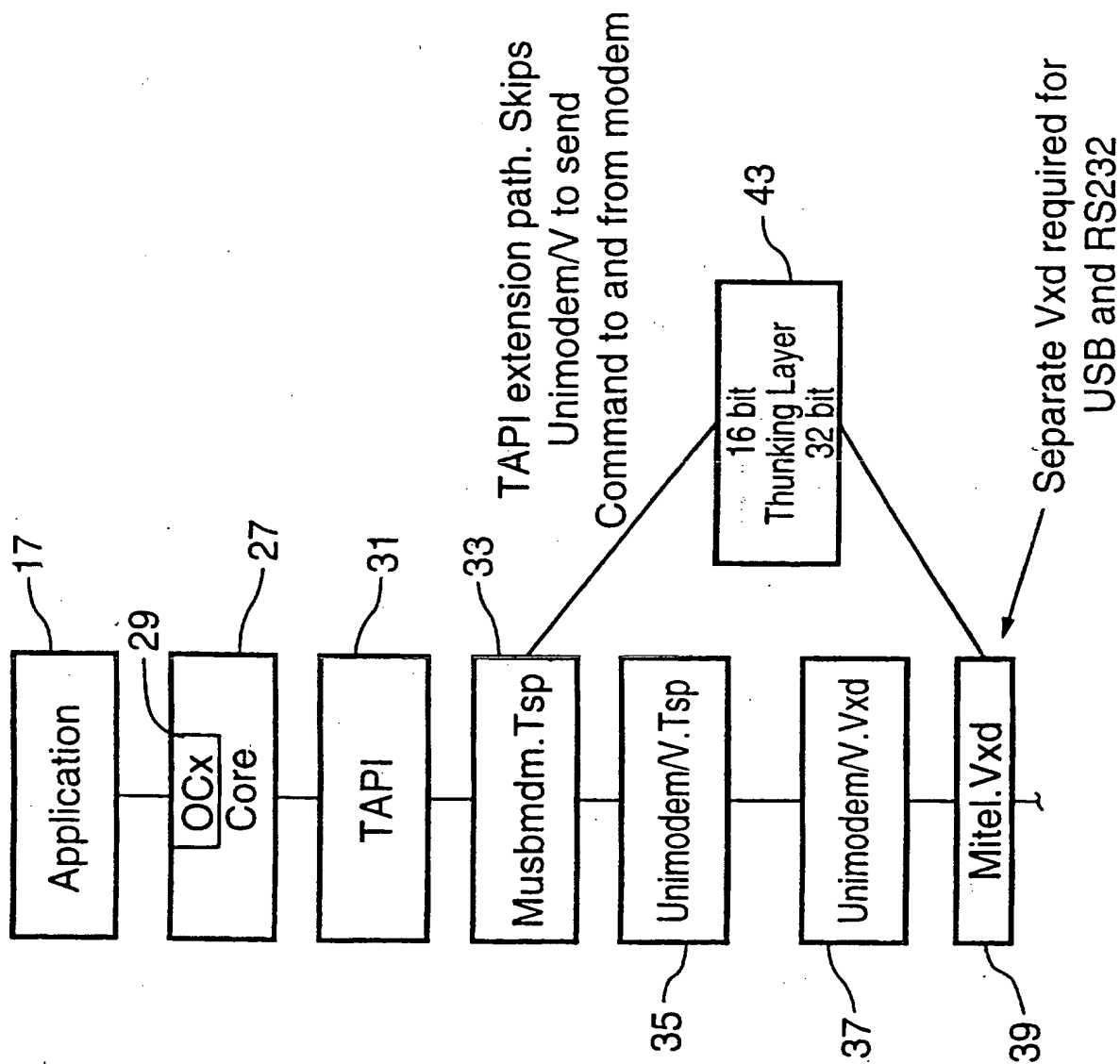


FIG.2A

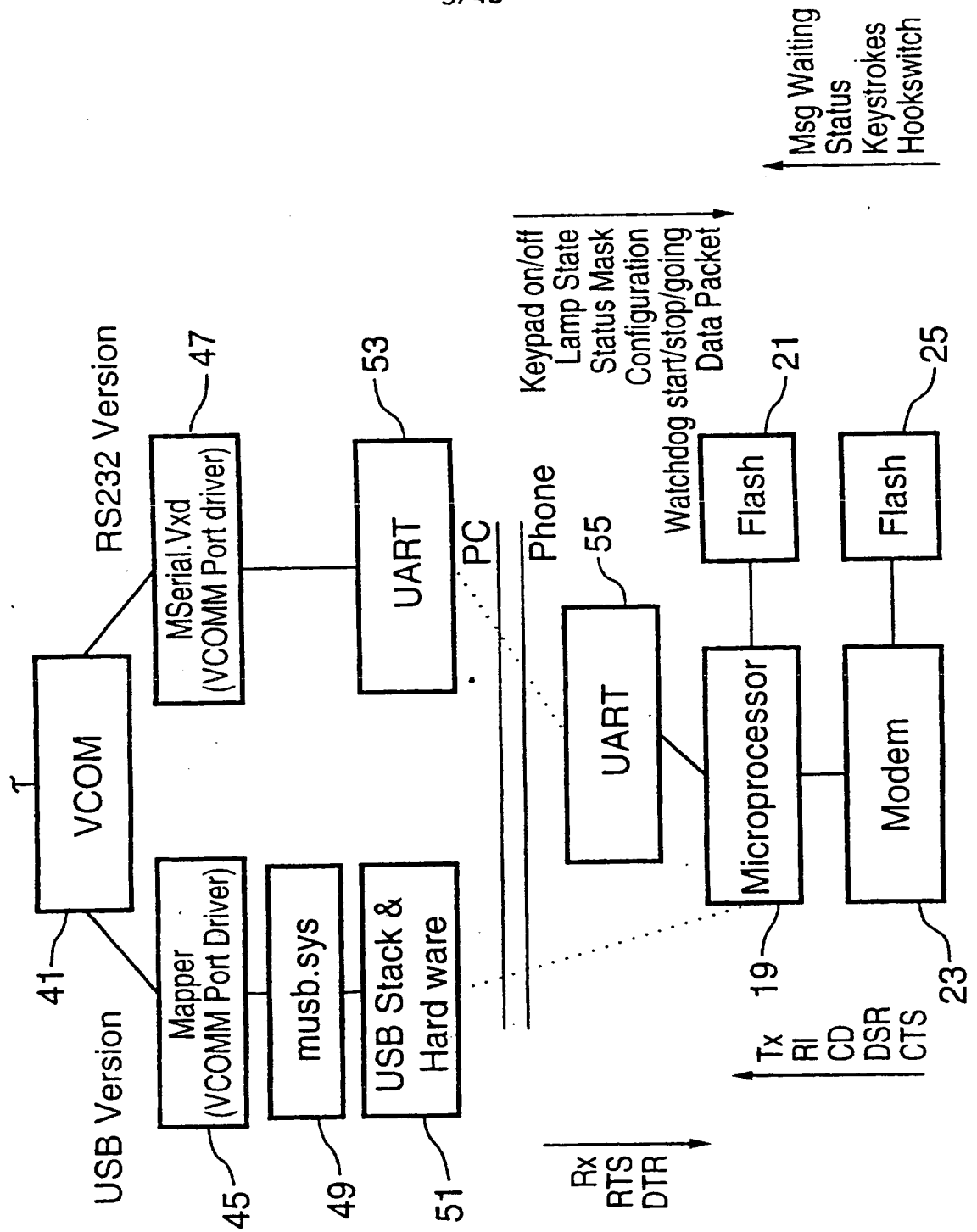


FIG.2B

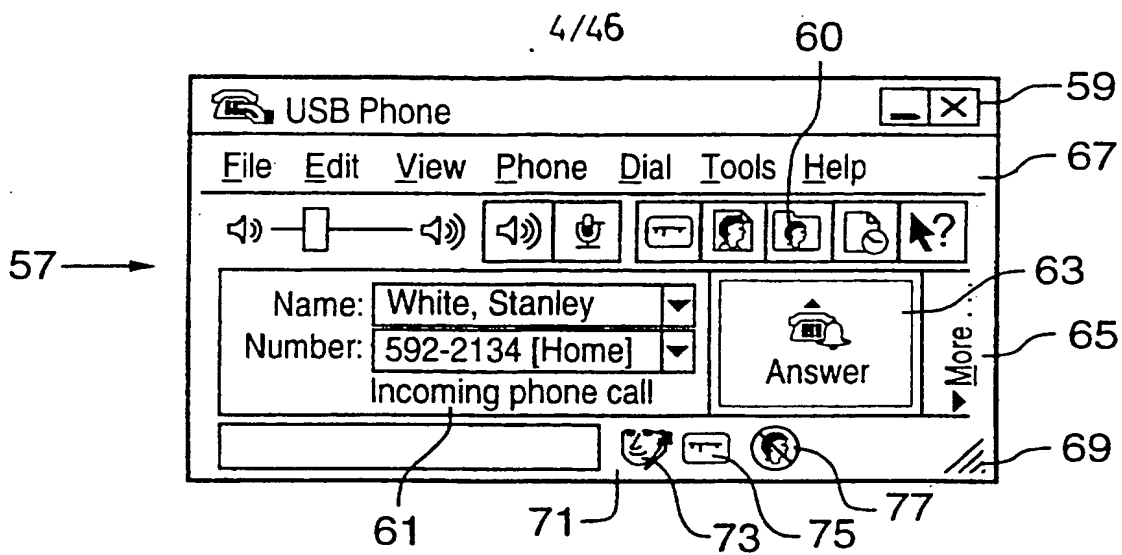


FIG. 3

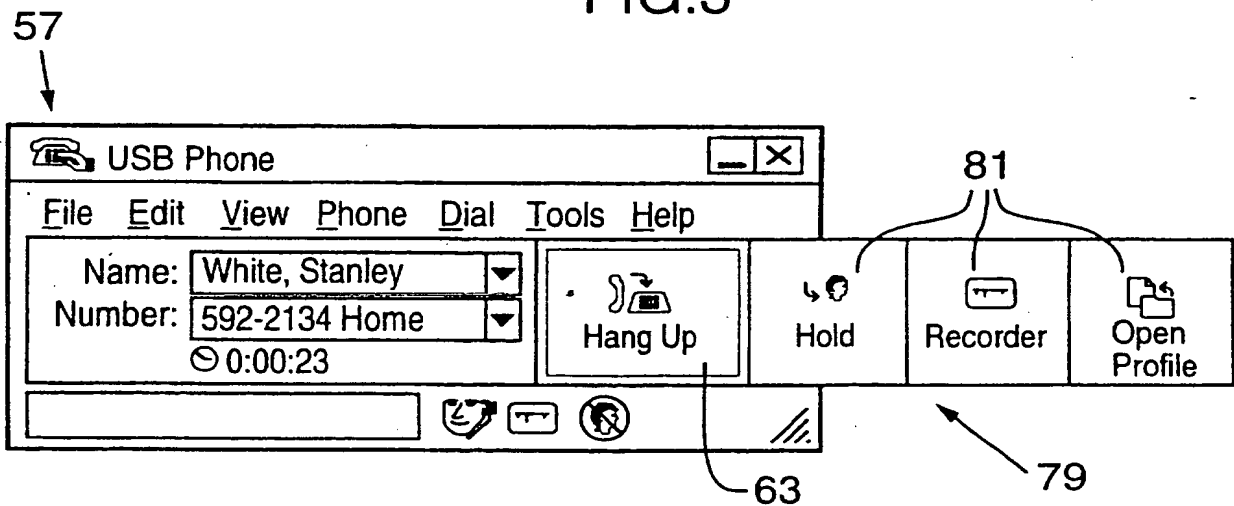


FIG. 4

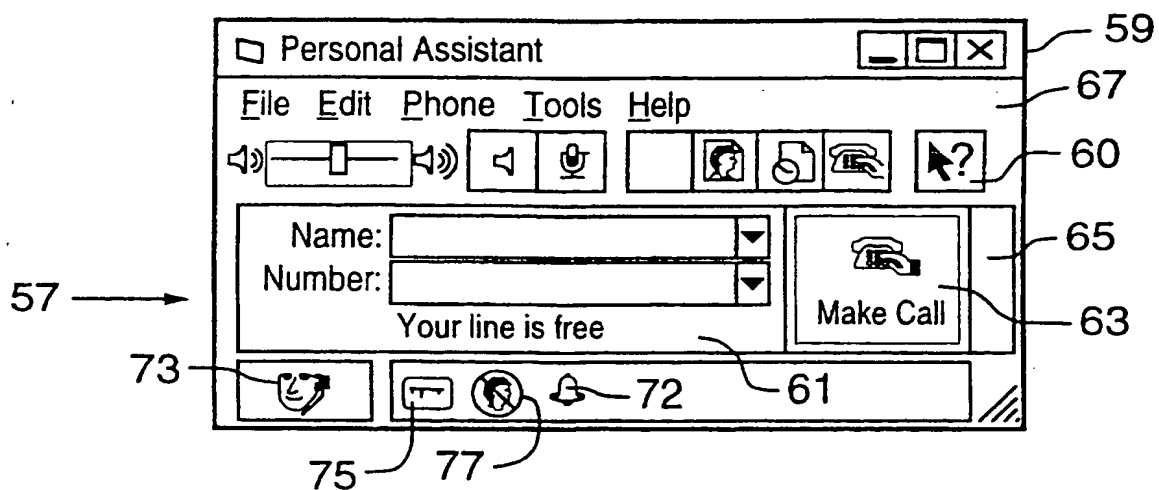


FIG. 5A

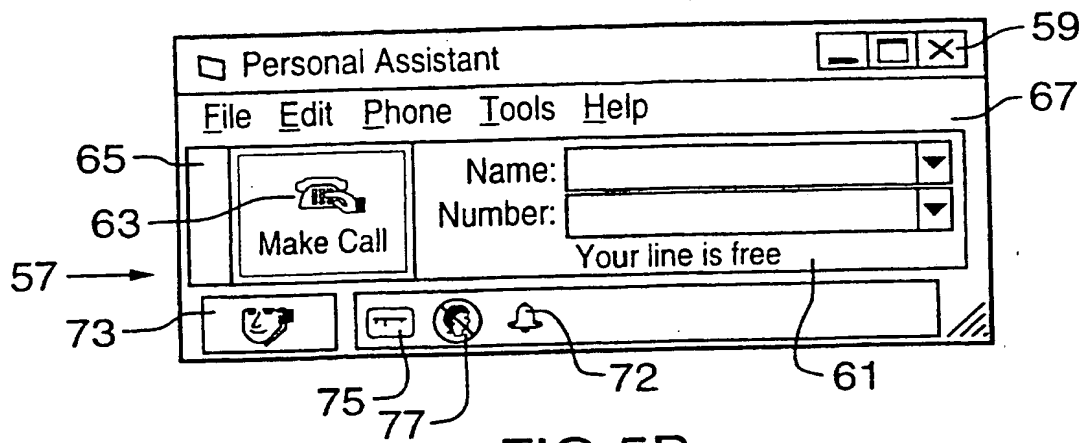


FIG. 5B

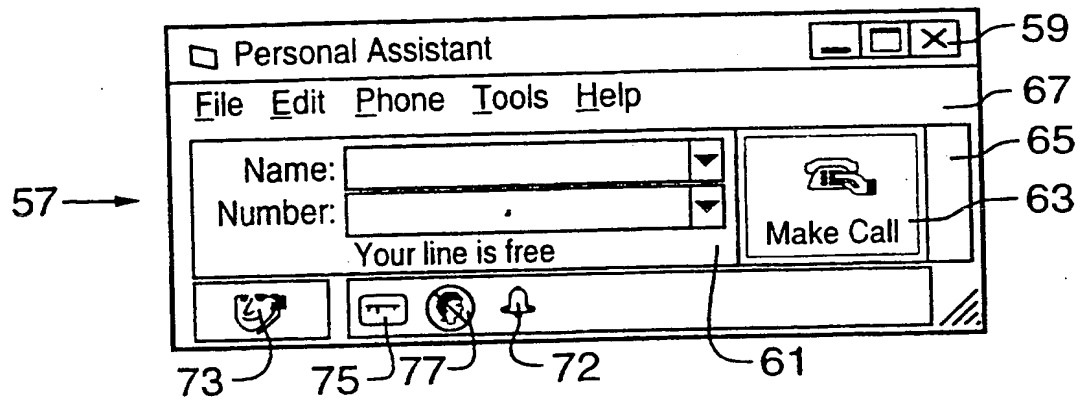


FIG. 5C

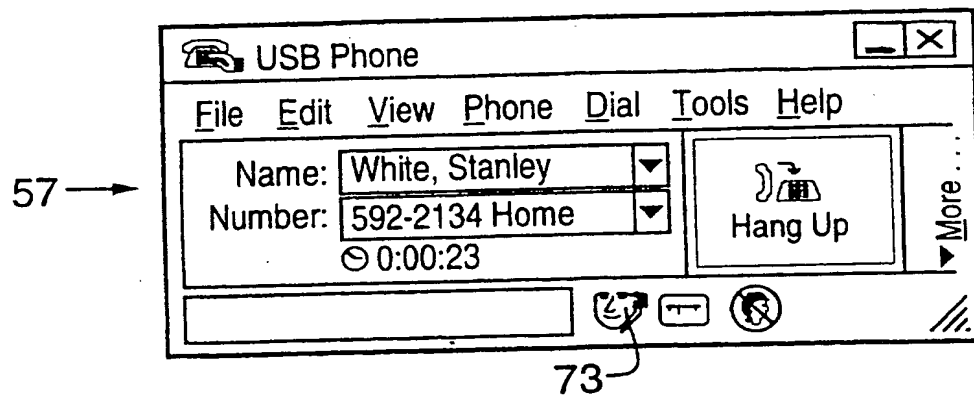


FIG. 6A

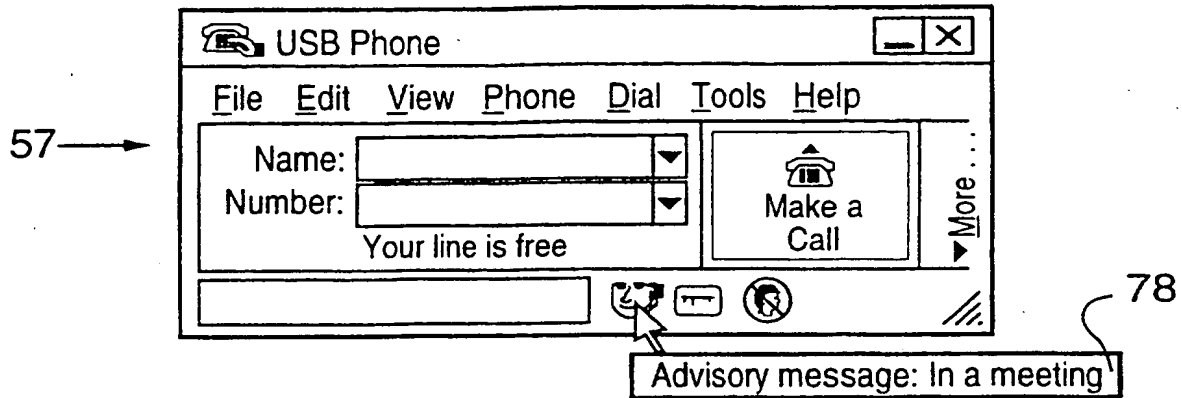


FIG. 6B

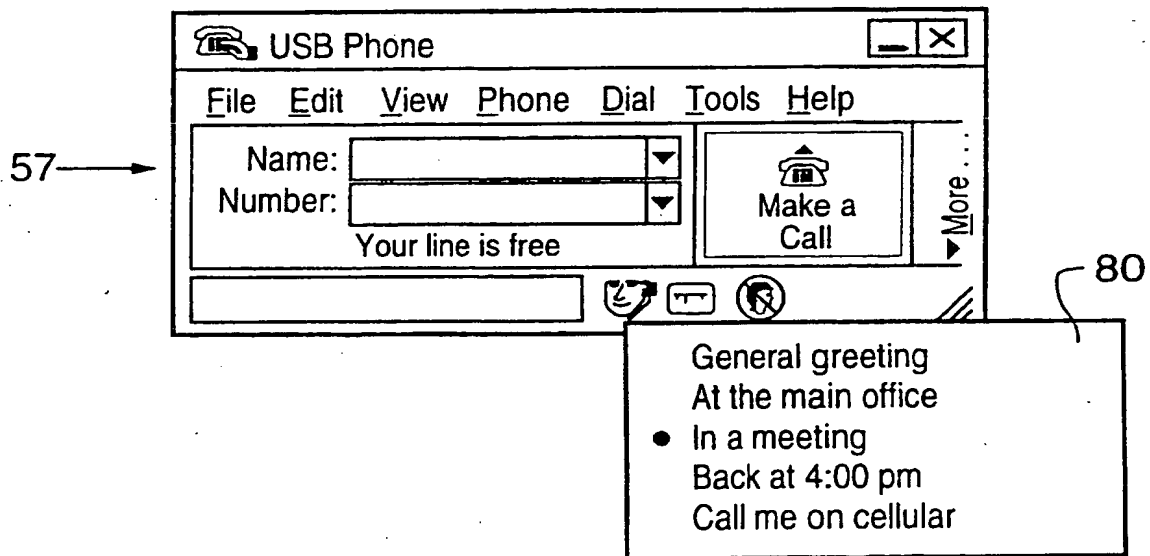


FIG. 6C

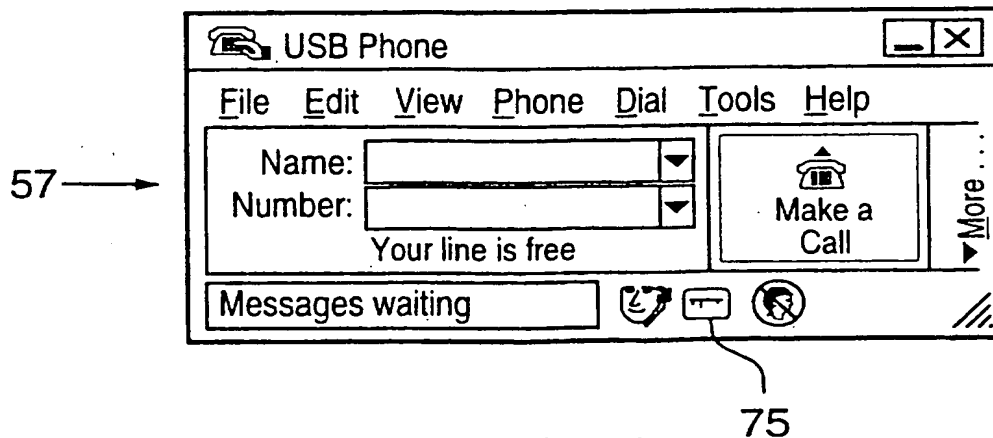


FIG. 7A

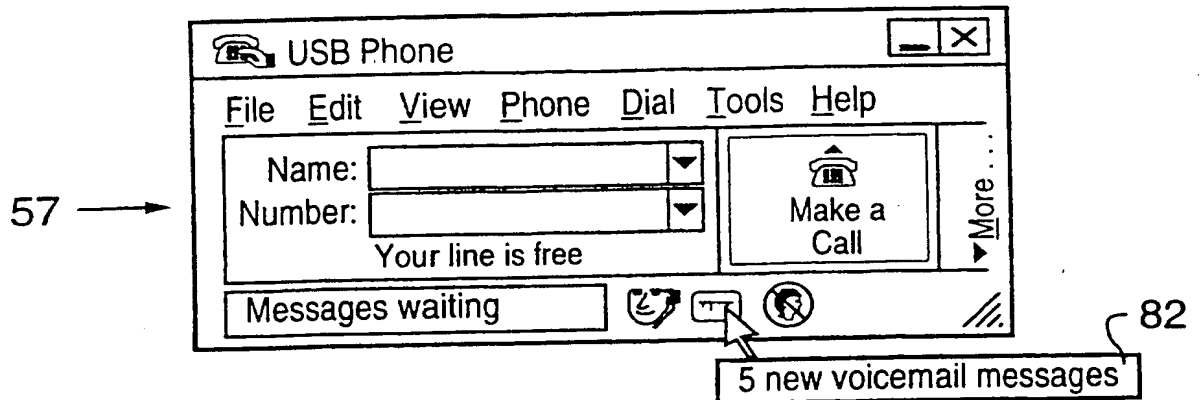


FIG. 7B

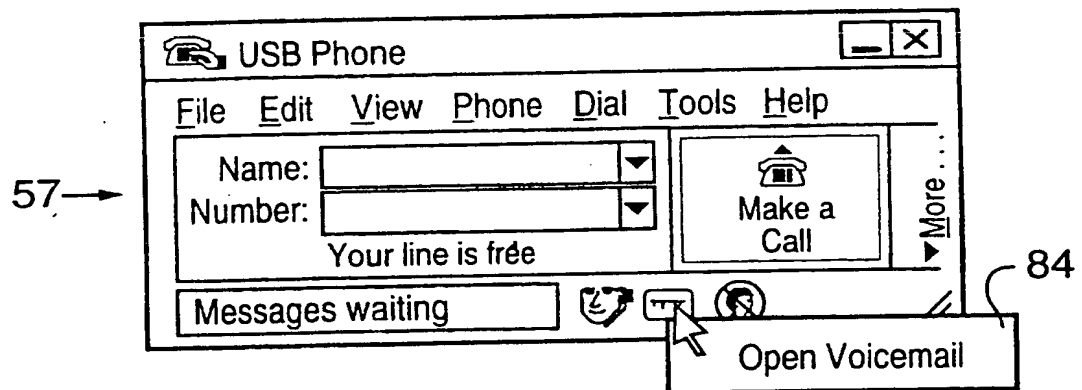


FIG. 7C

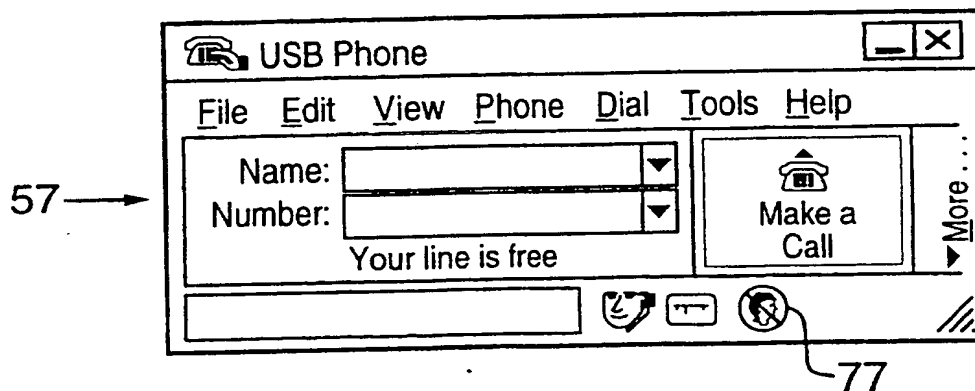


FIG. 8A

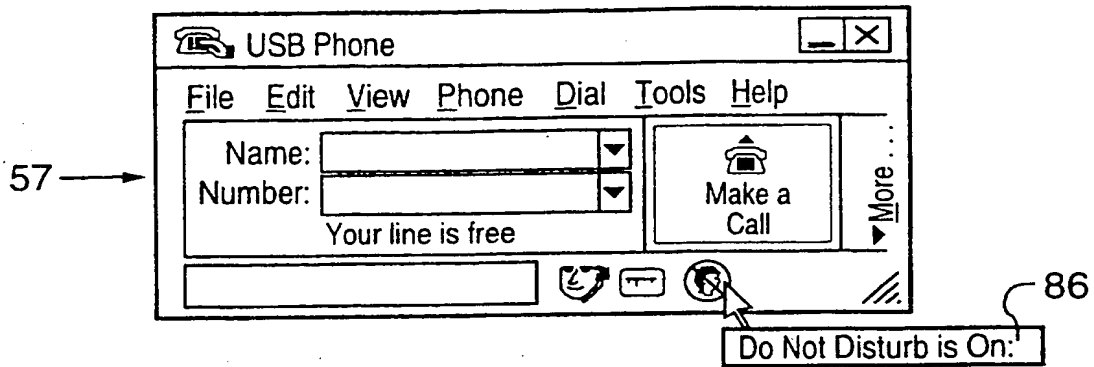


FIG. 8B

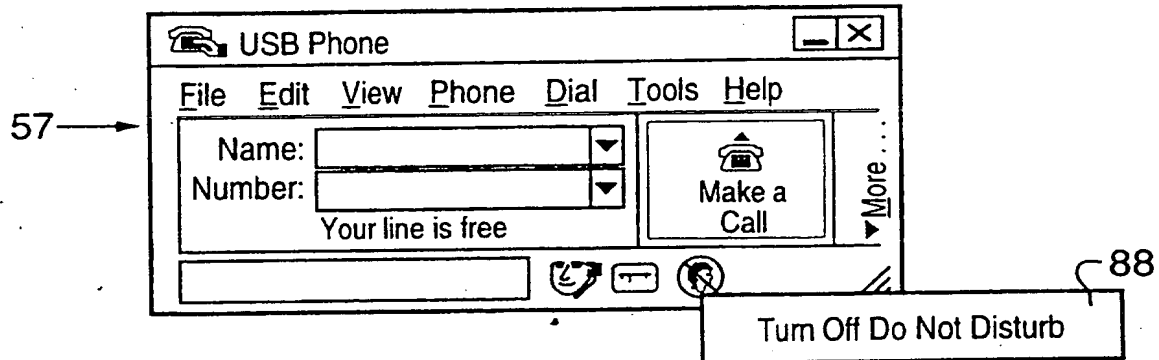


FIG. 8C

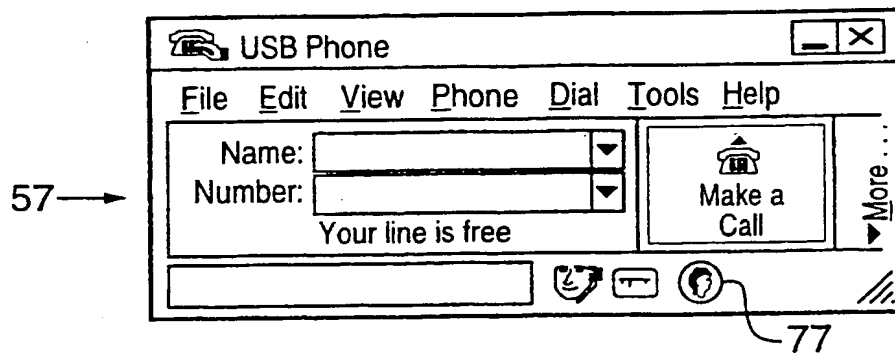
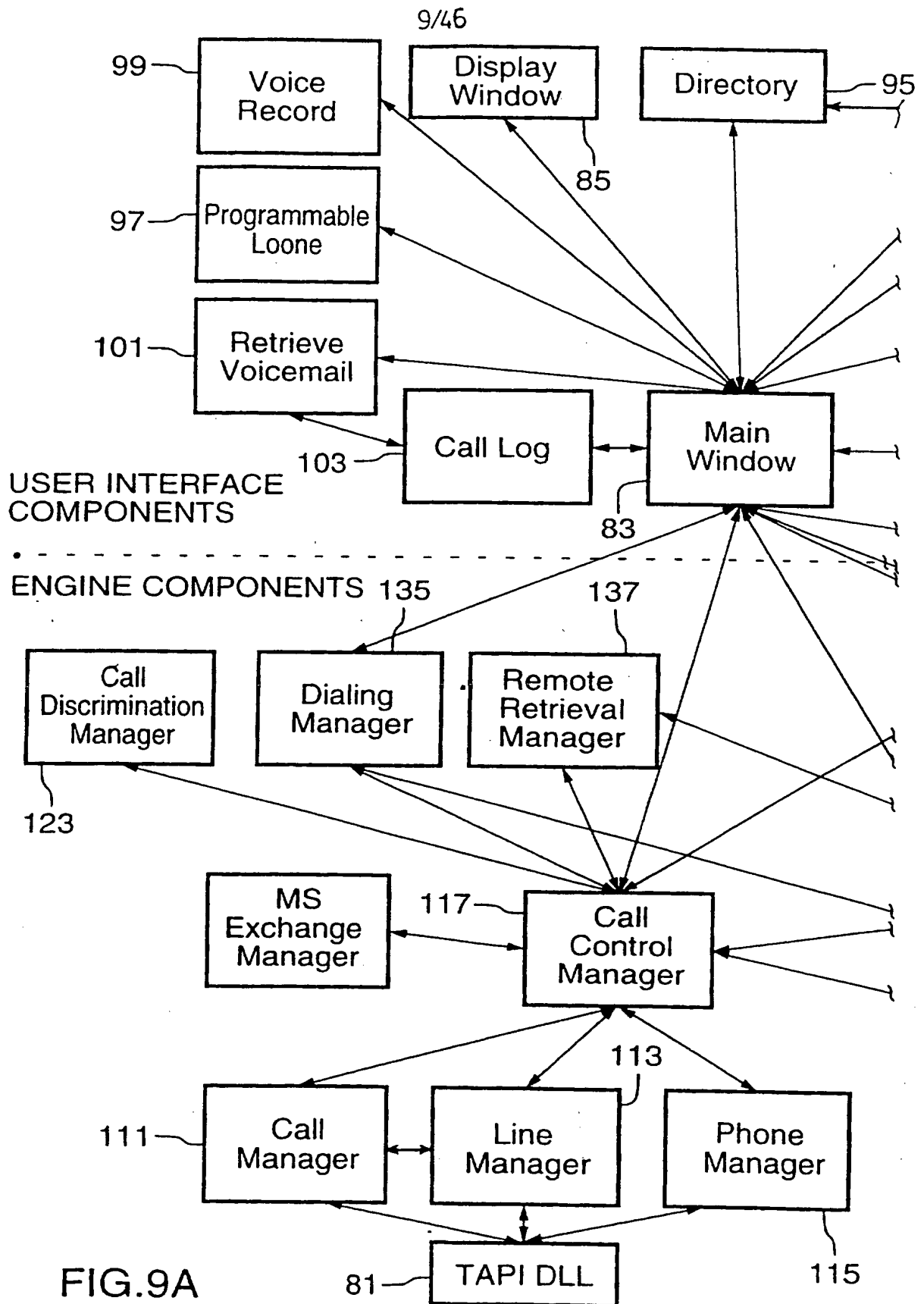


FIG. 8D



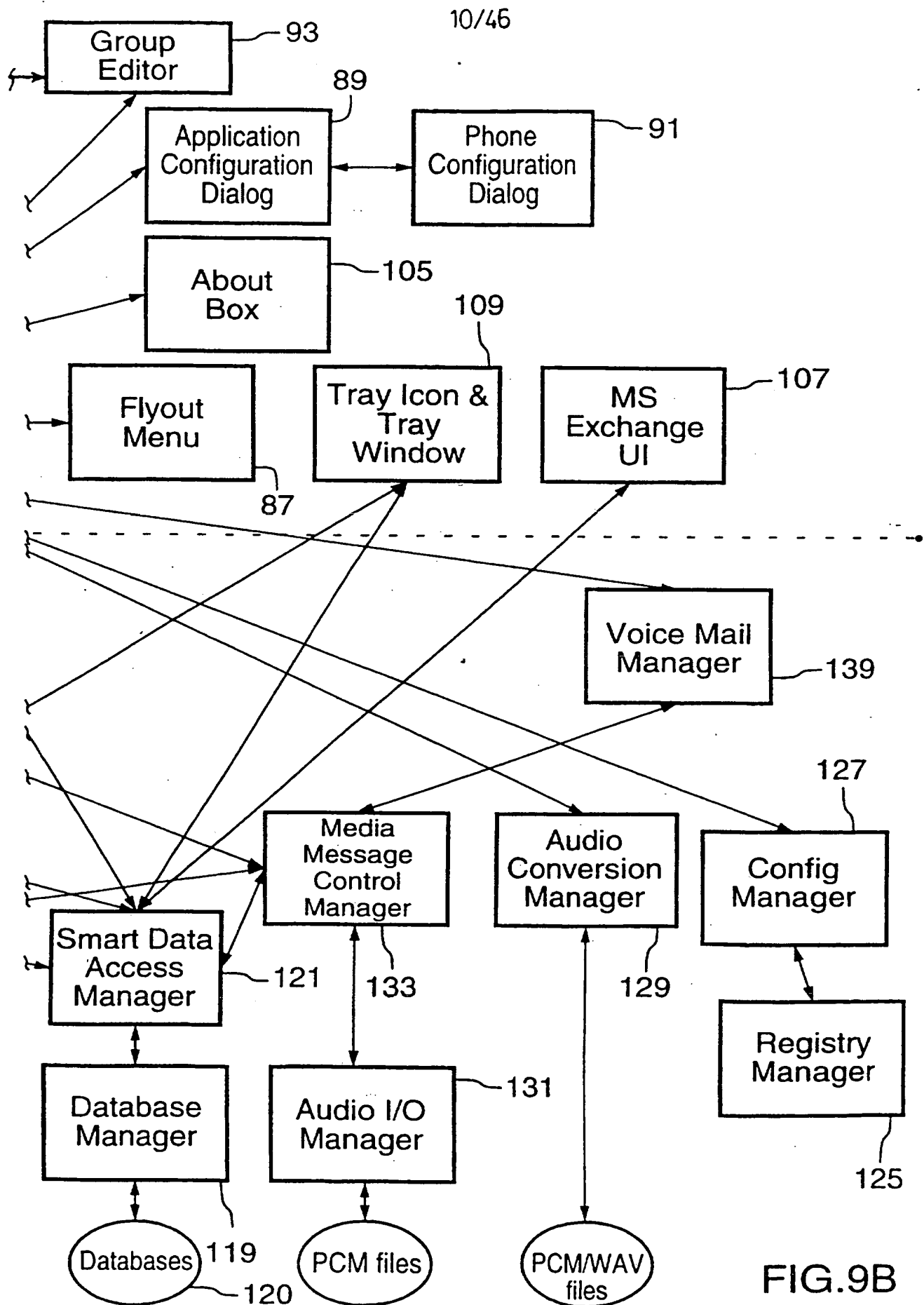


FIG.9B

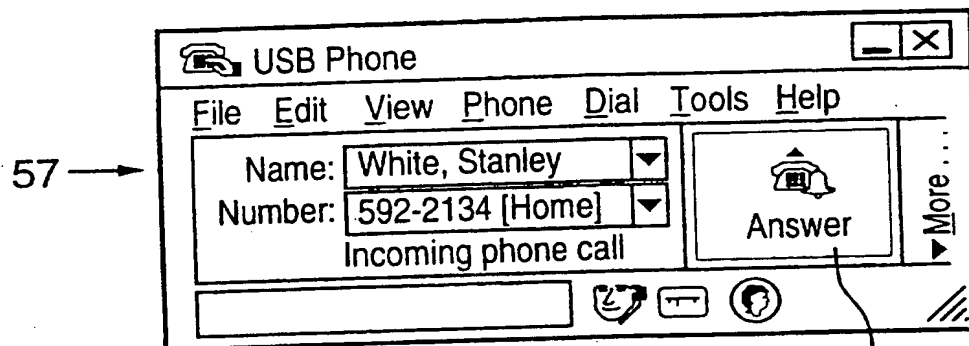


FIG. 10A

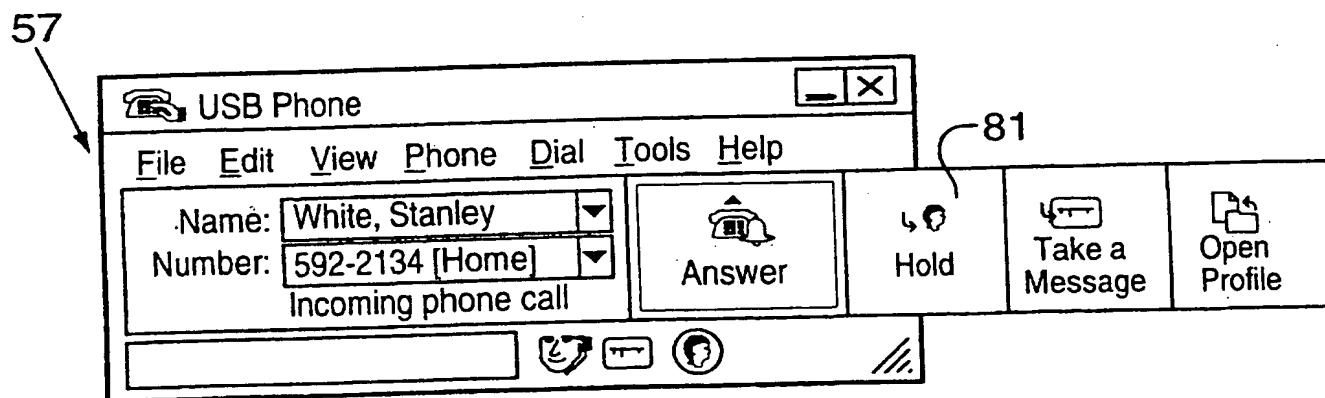


FIG. 10B

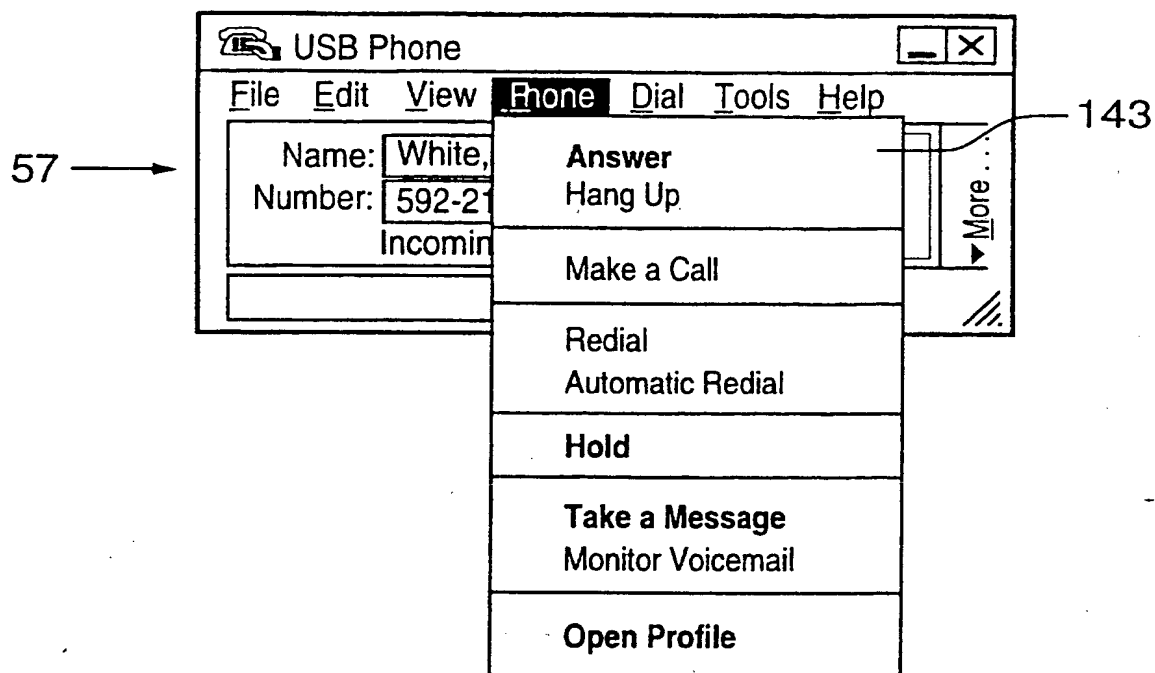


FIG.10C

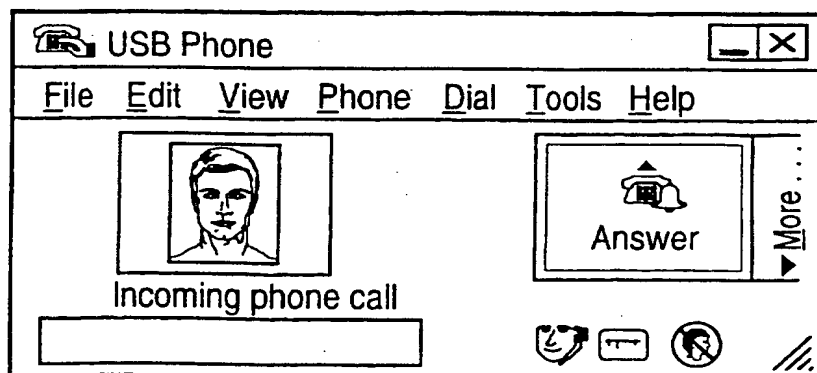


FIG.10D

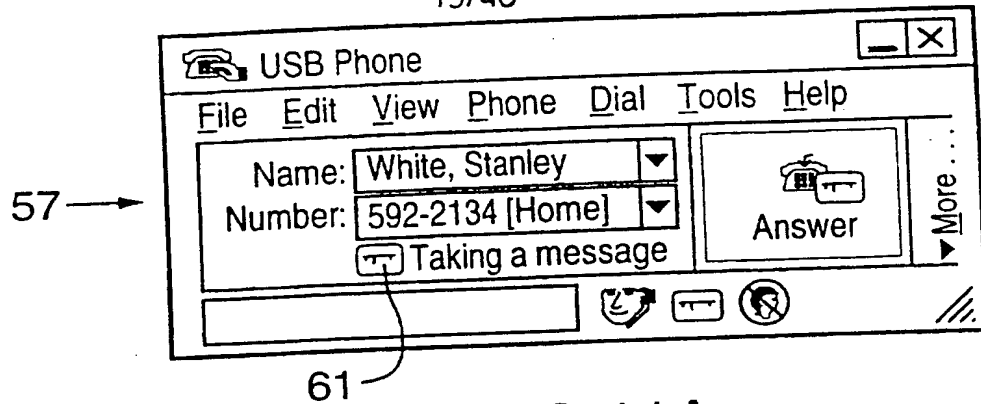


FIG. 11A

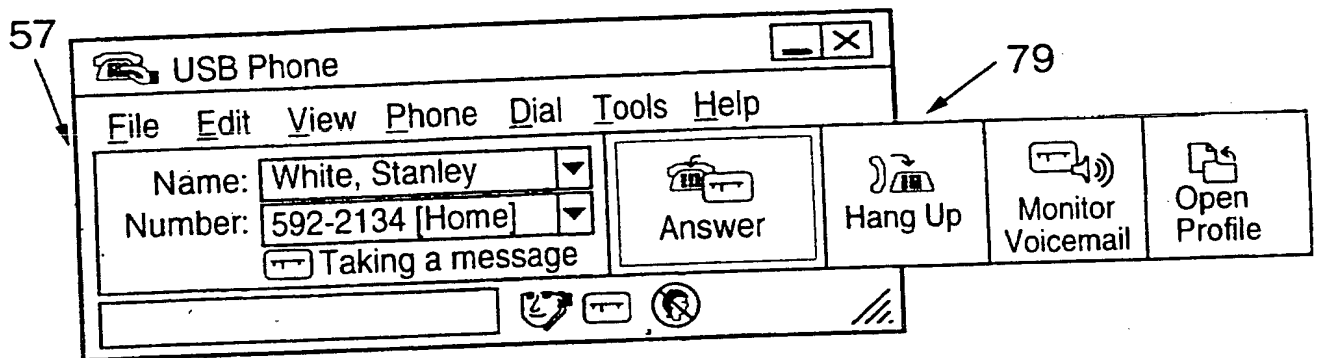


FIG. 11B

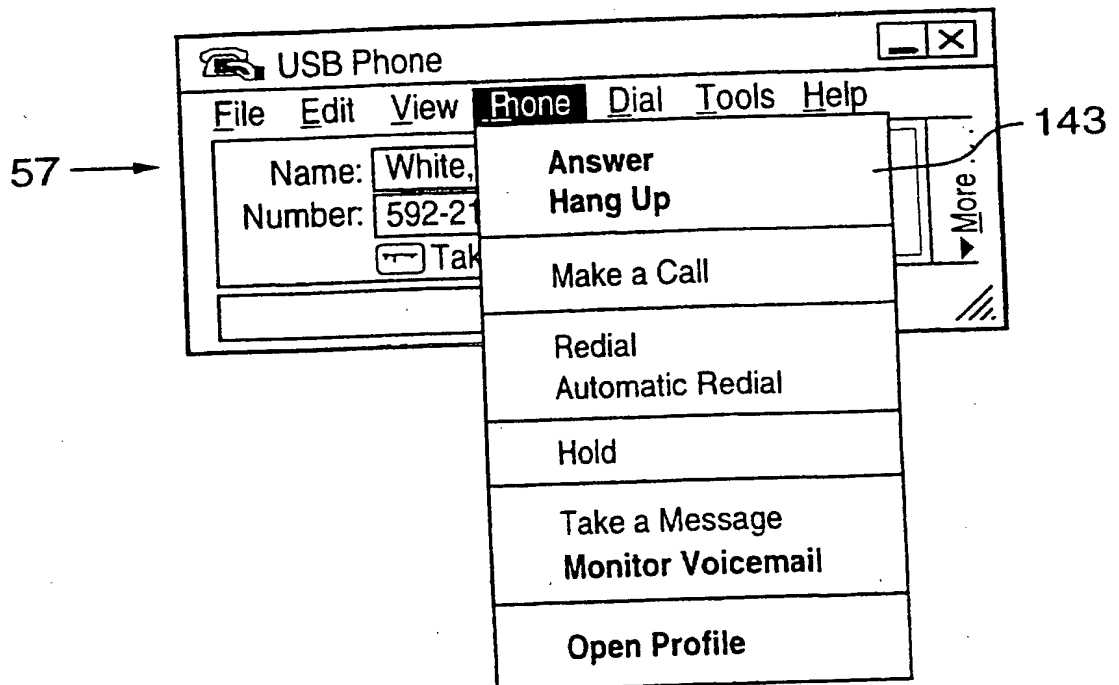


FIG. 11C

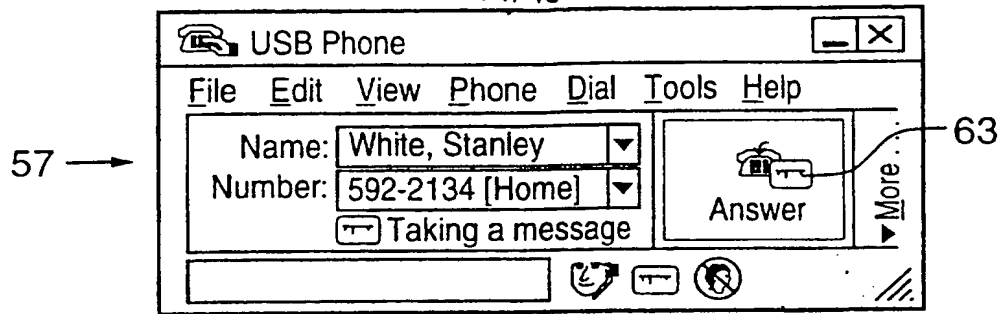


FIG. 12A

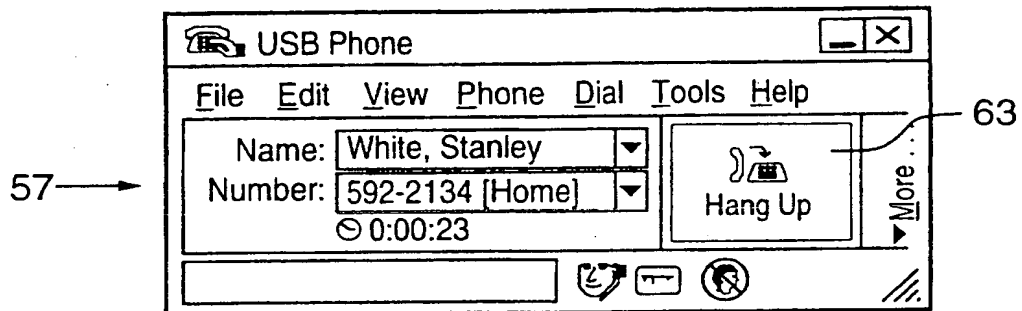


FIG. 12B

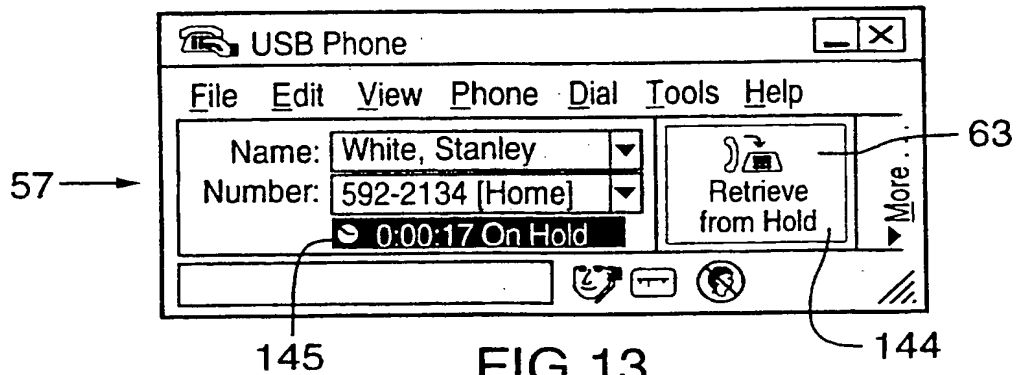


FIG. 13

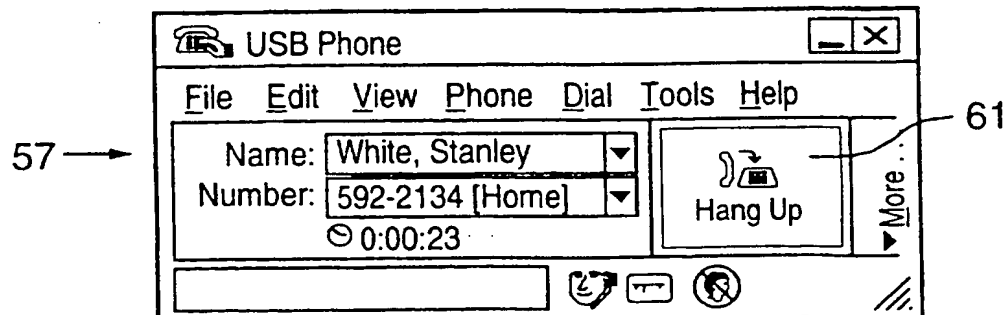


FIG. 14A

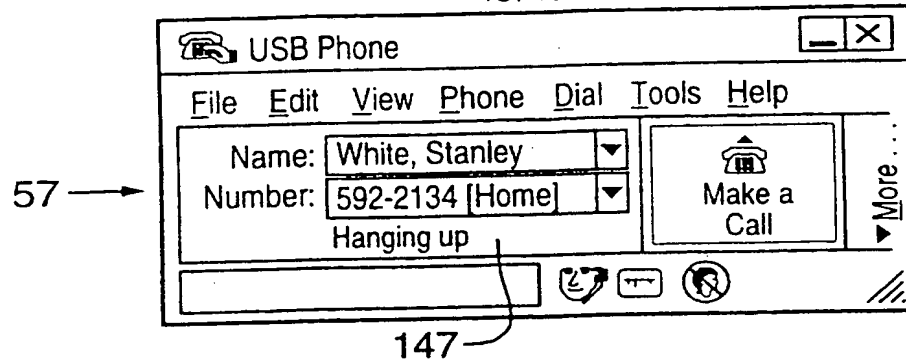


FIG. 14B

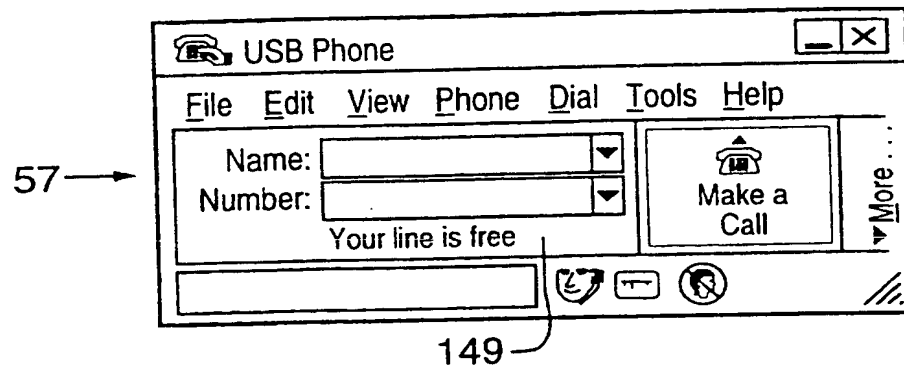


FIG. 14C

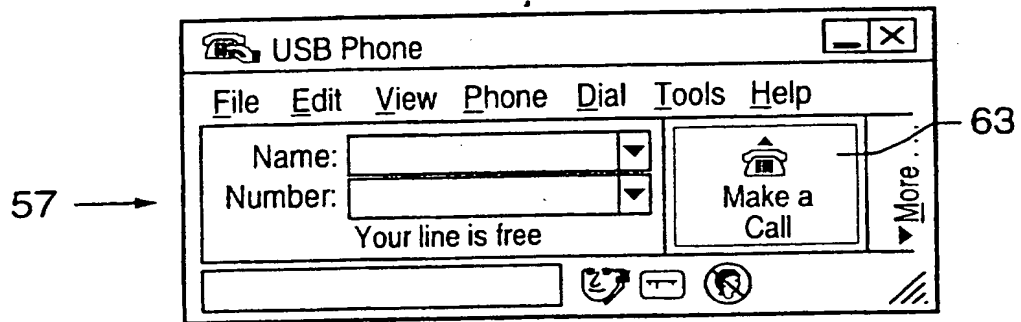


FIG. 15A

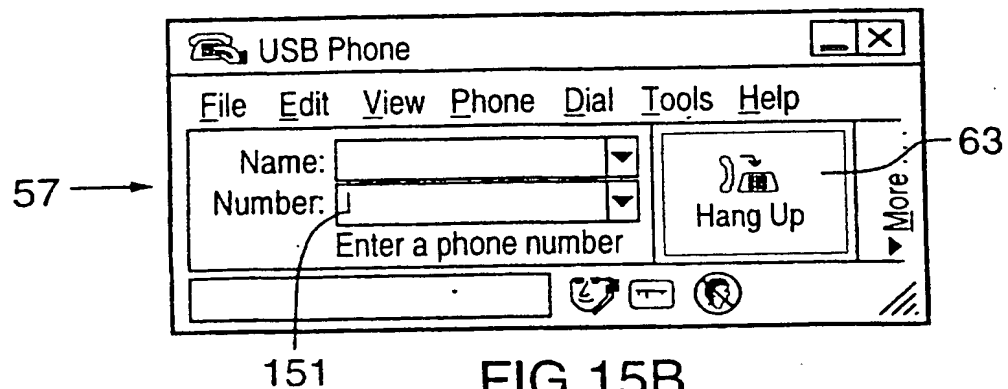
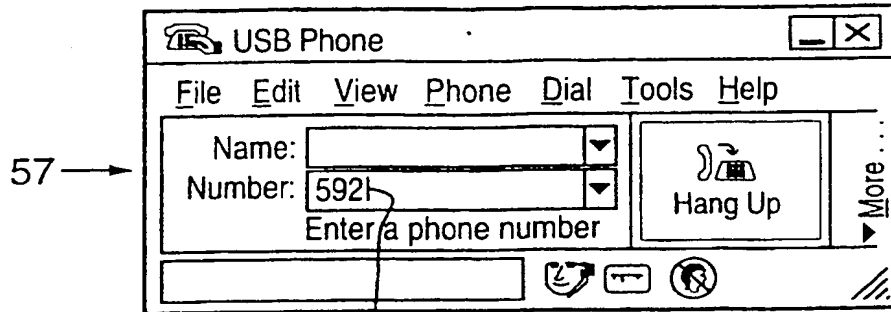
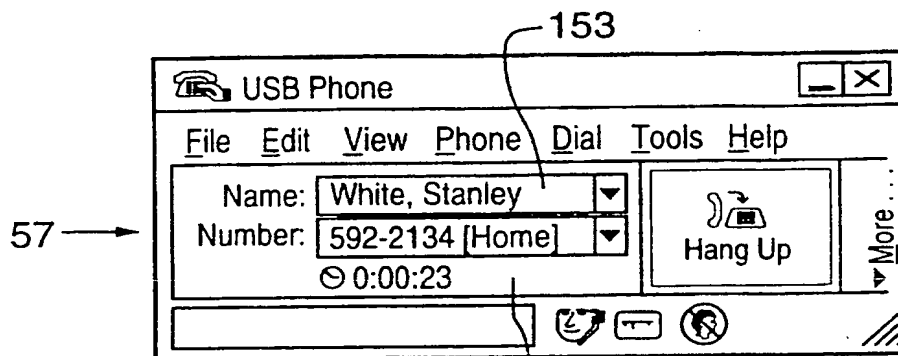


FIG. 15B



151 FIG. 15C



155 FIG. 15D

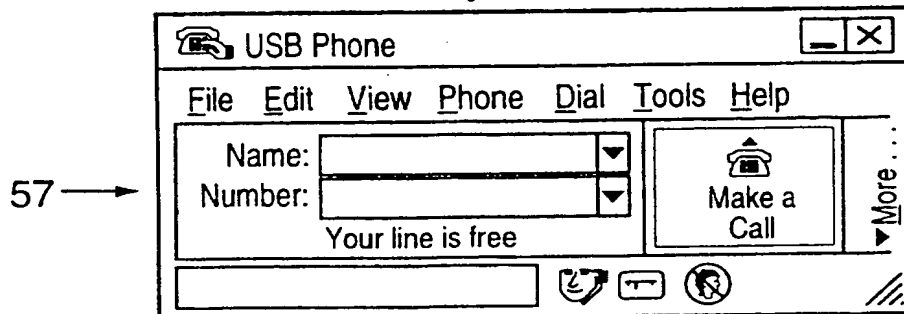
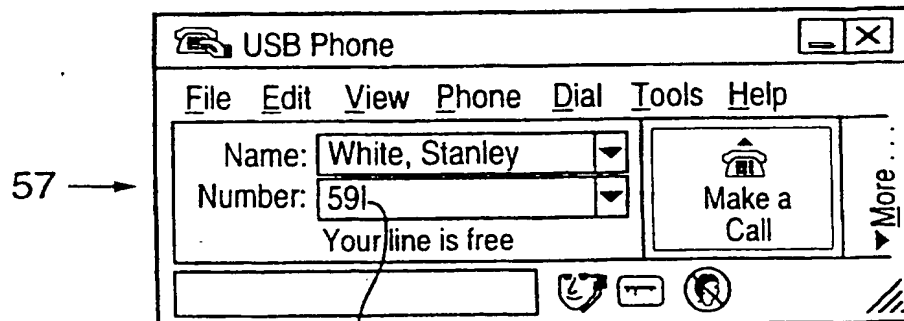


FIG. 16A



151 FIG. 16B

17/46

153

57 →

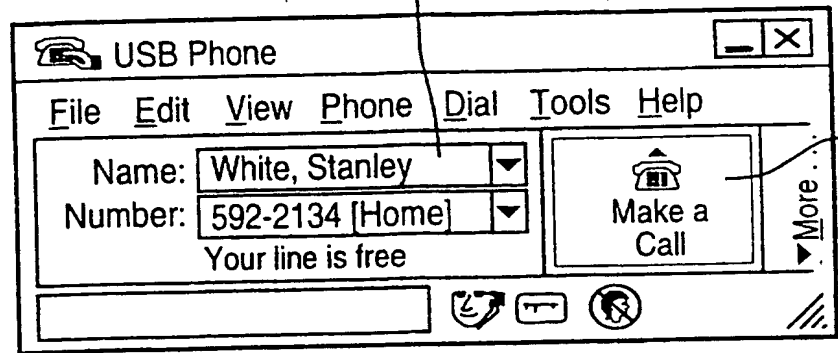


FIG. 16C

57 →

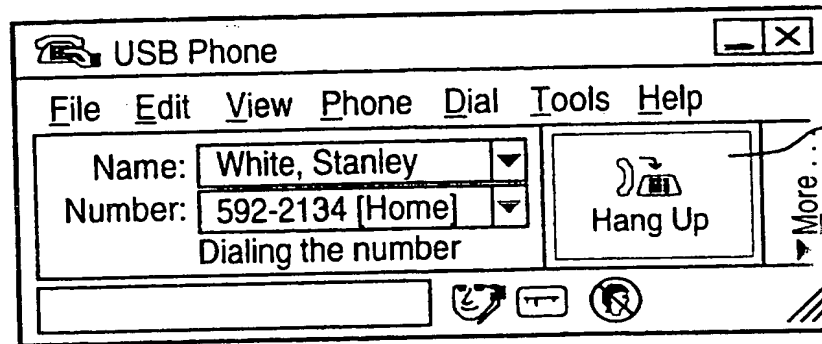


FIG. 16D

57 →

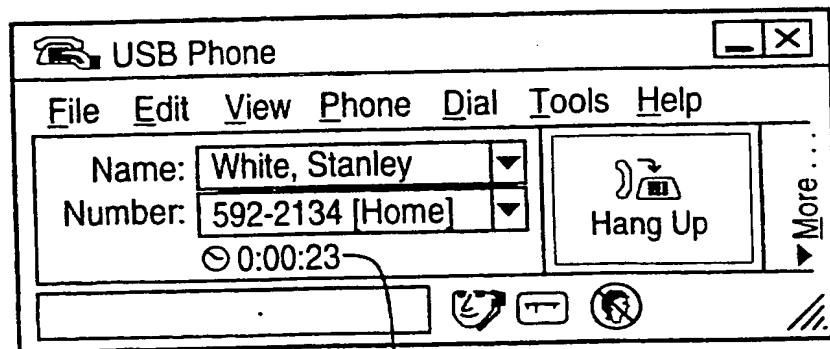


FIG. 16E

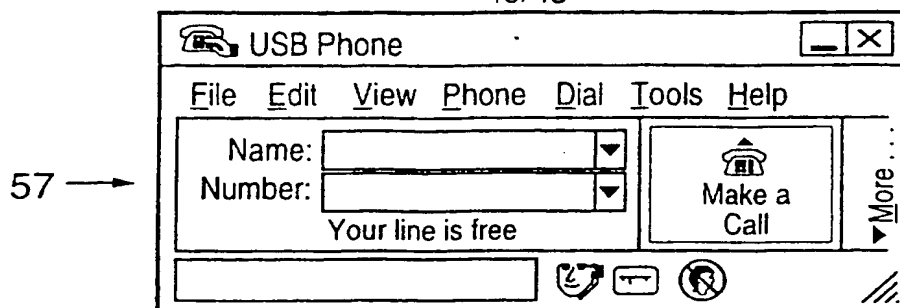


FIG. 17A

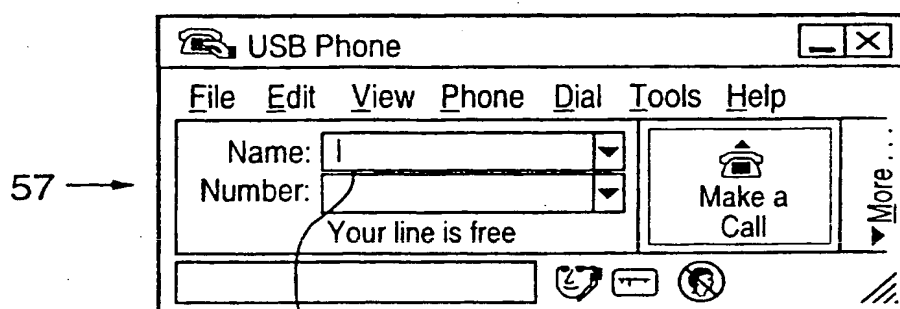


FIG. 17B

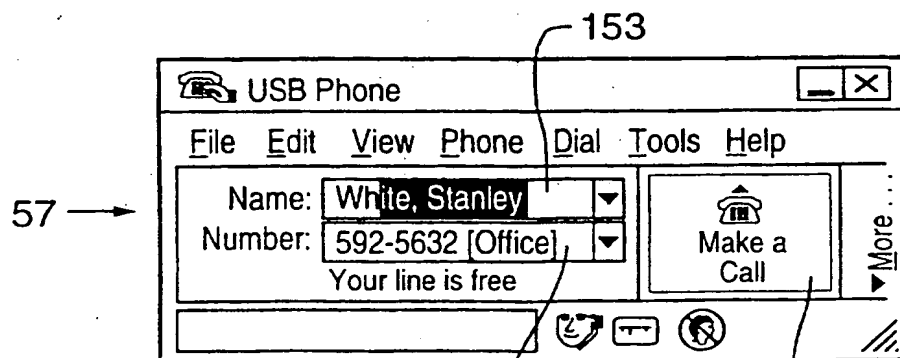


FIG. 17C

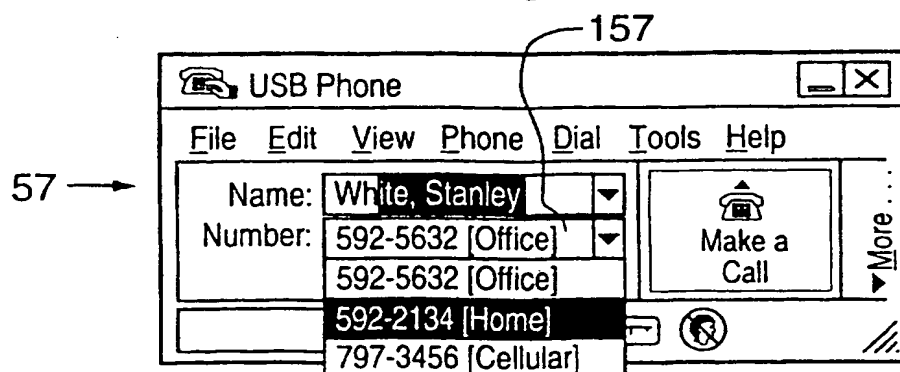


FIG. 17D

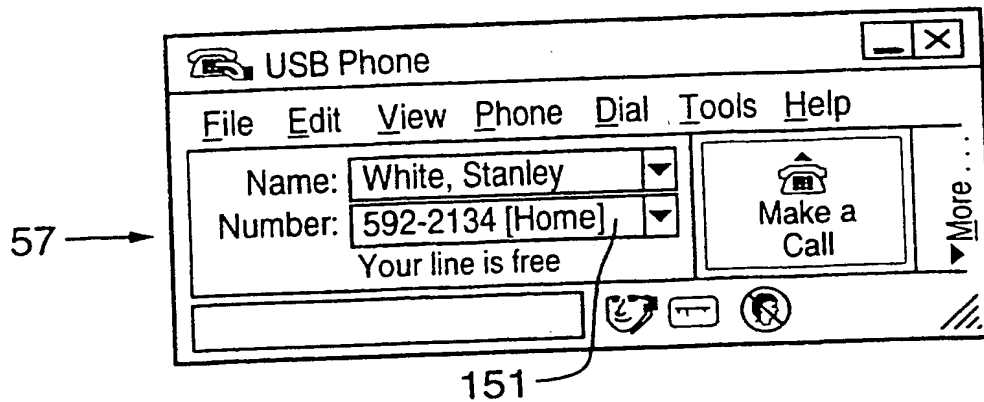


FIG. 17E

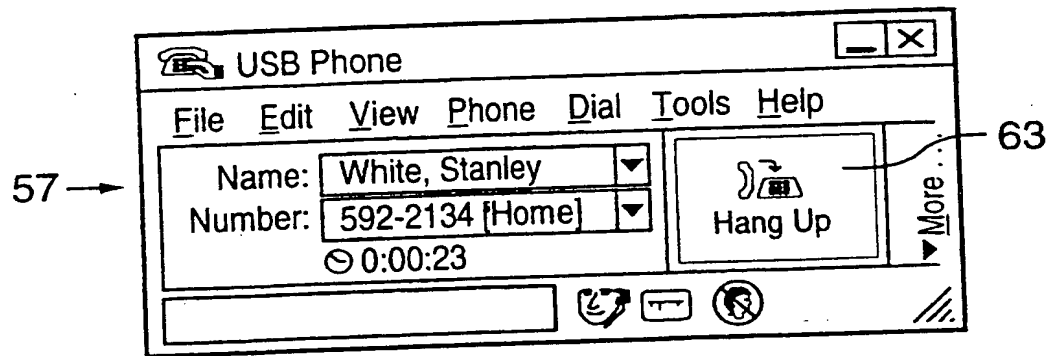


FIG. 17F

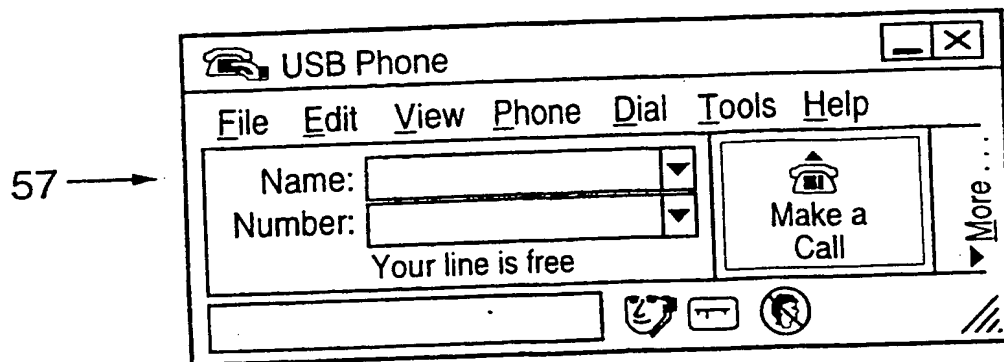


FIG. 18A

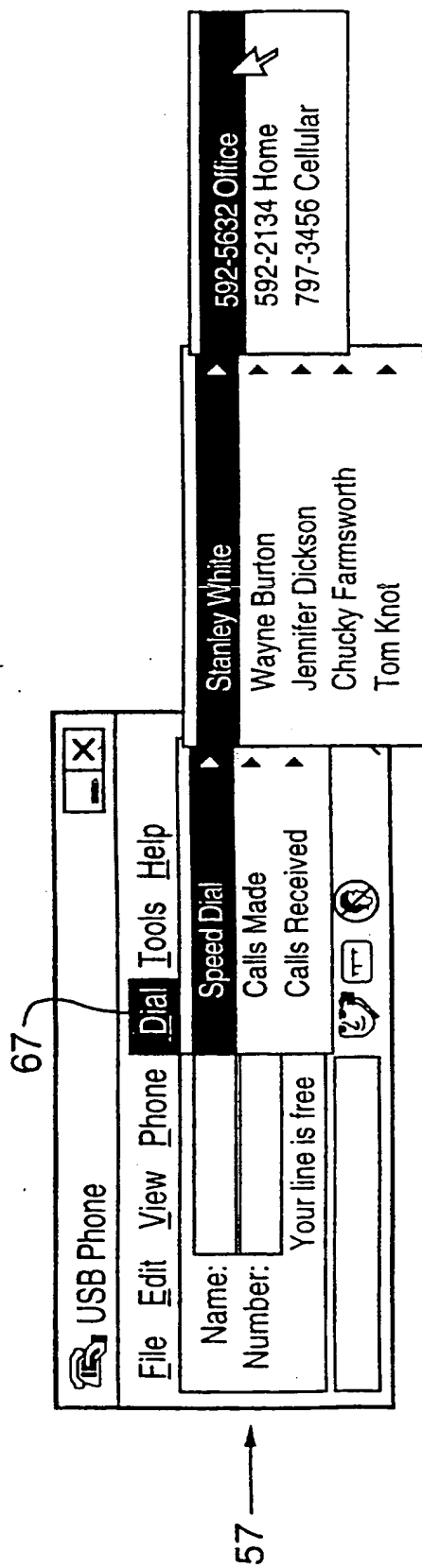


FIG. 18B

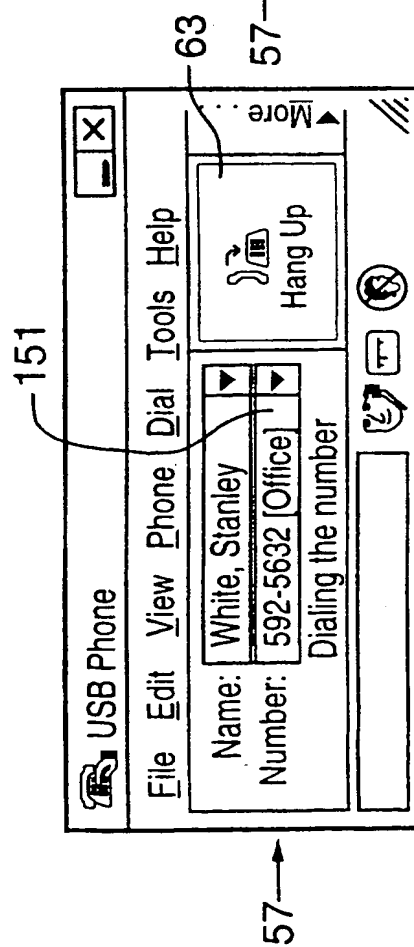


FIG. 18C

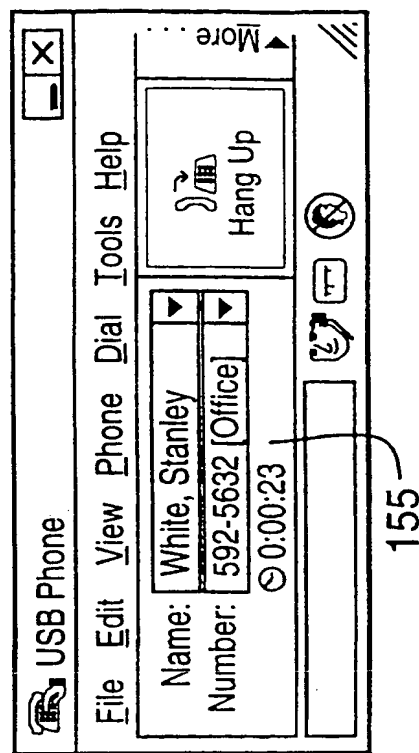


FIG. 18D

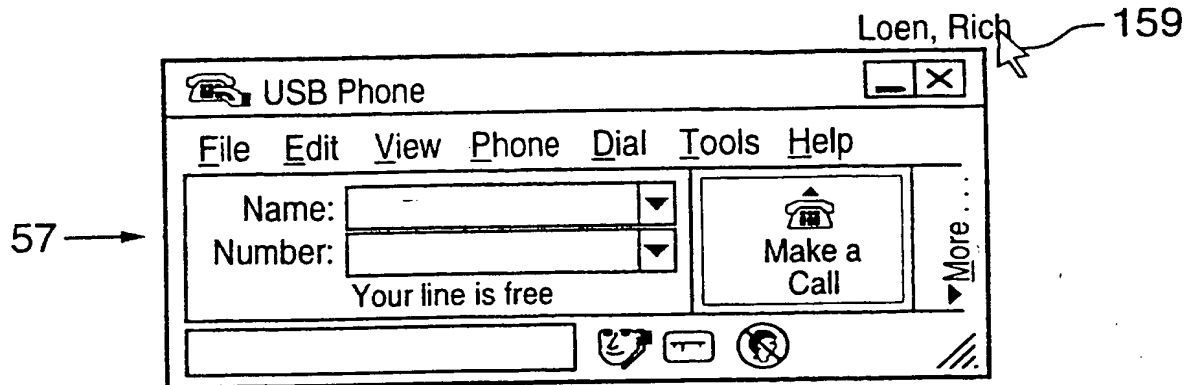


FIG. 19A

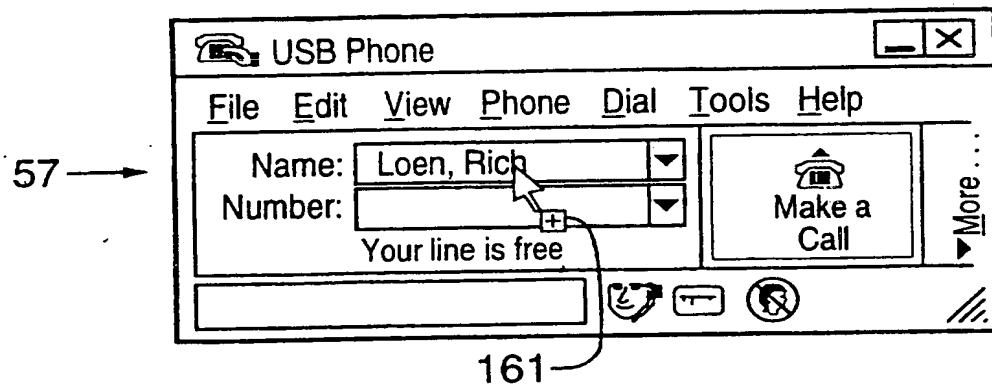


FIG. 19B

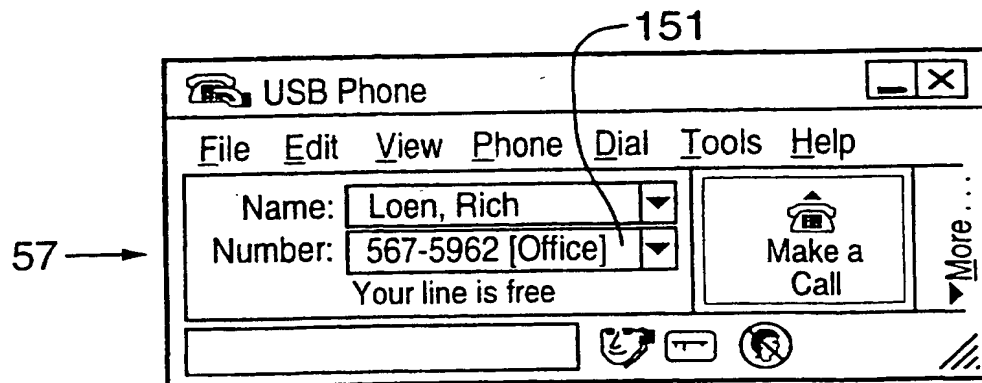


FIG. 19C

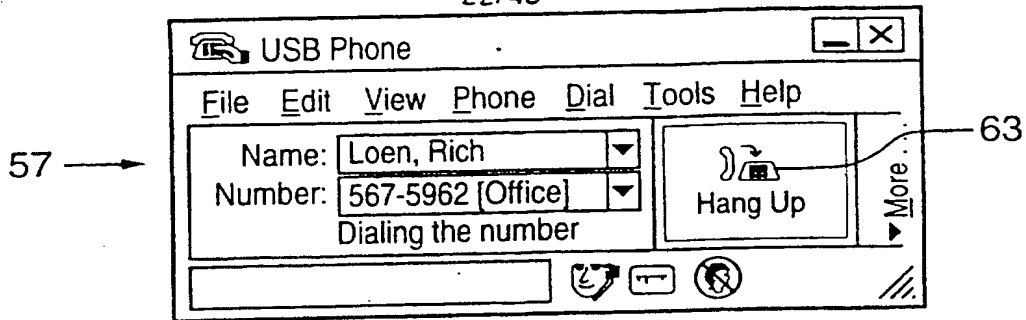


FIG. 19D

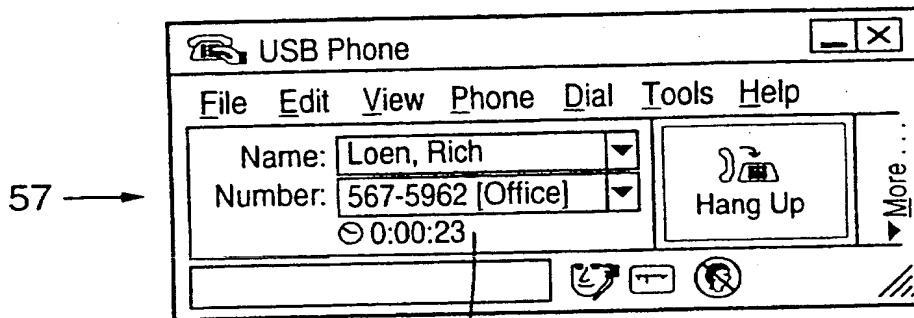


FIG. 19E

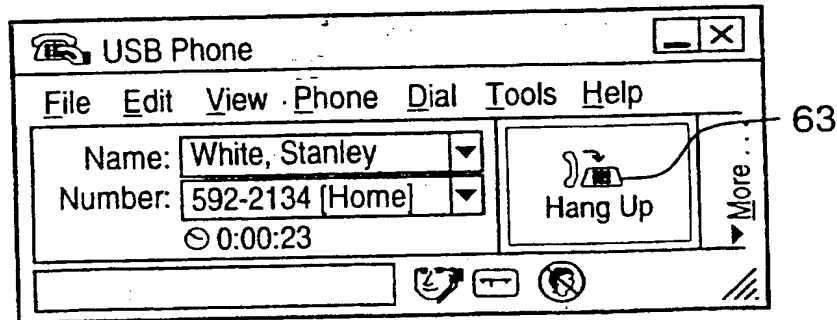


FIG. 20A

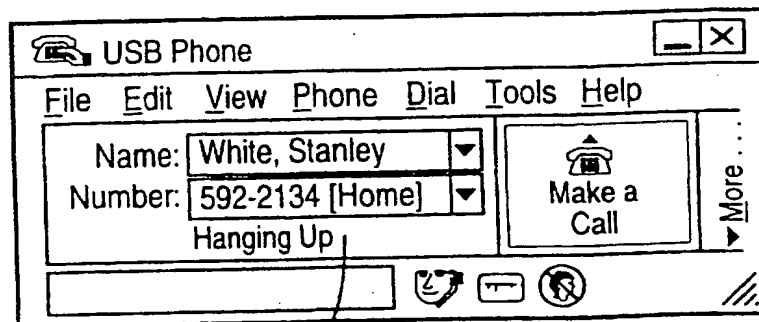
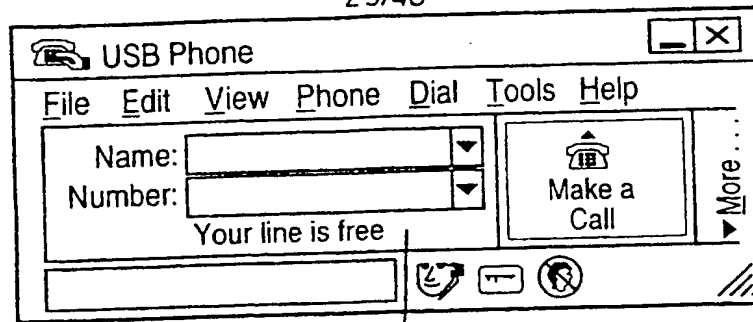
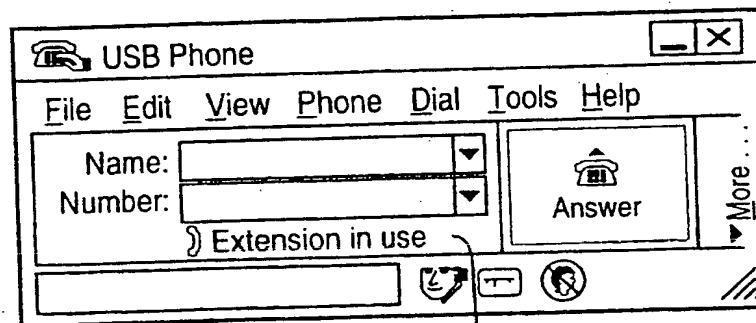


FIG. 20B



149
FIG. 20C



61
FIG. 21

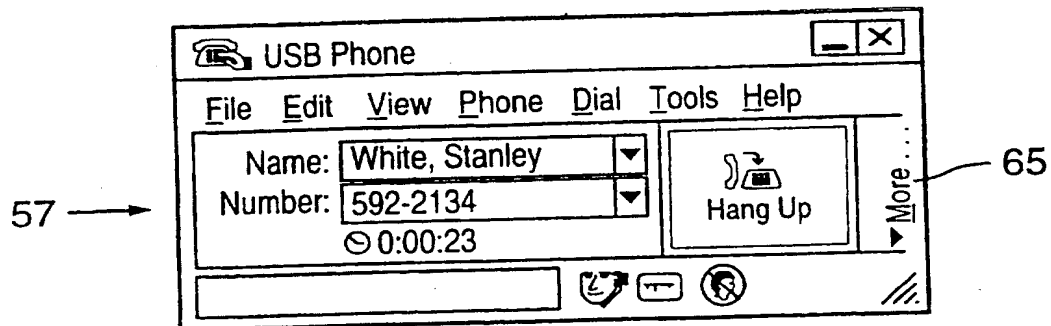


FIG. 22A

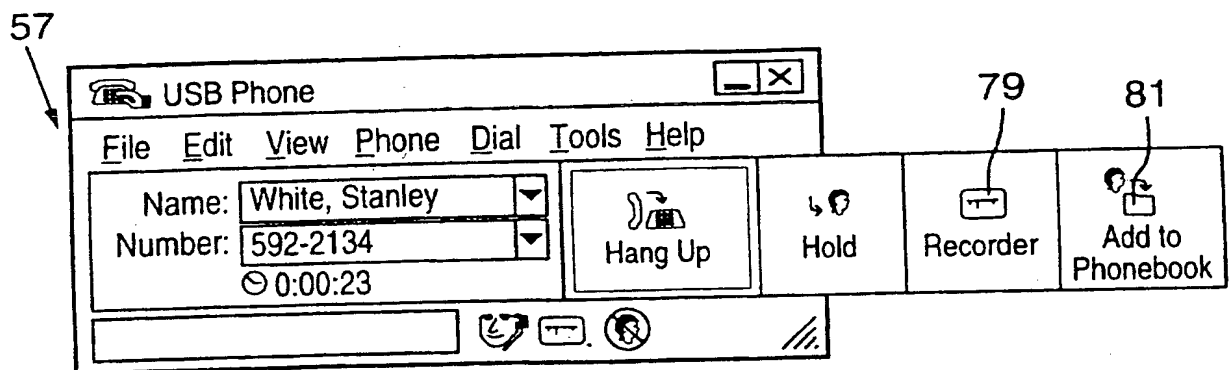


FIG. 22B

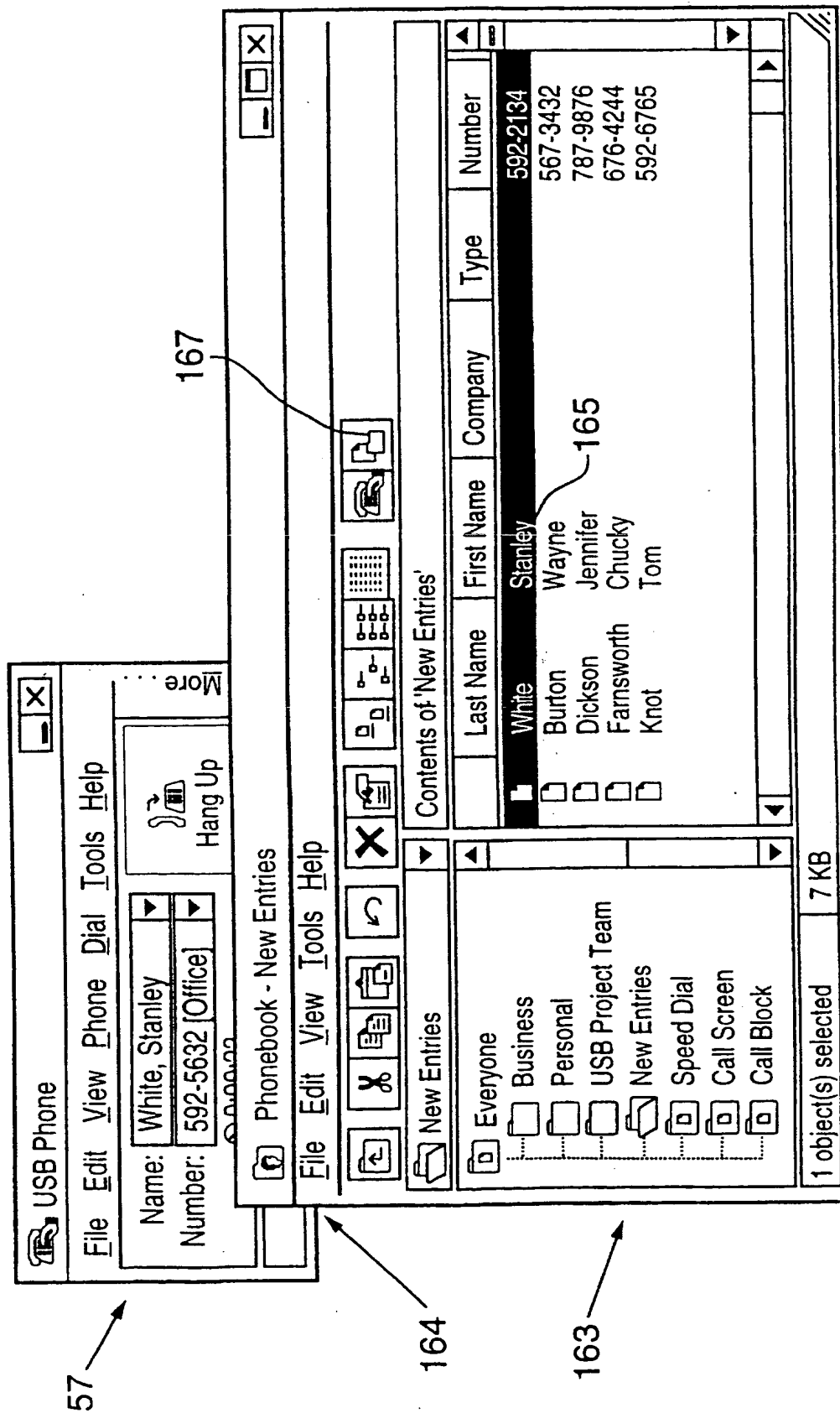


FIG.22C

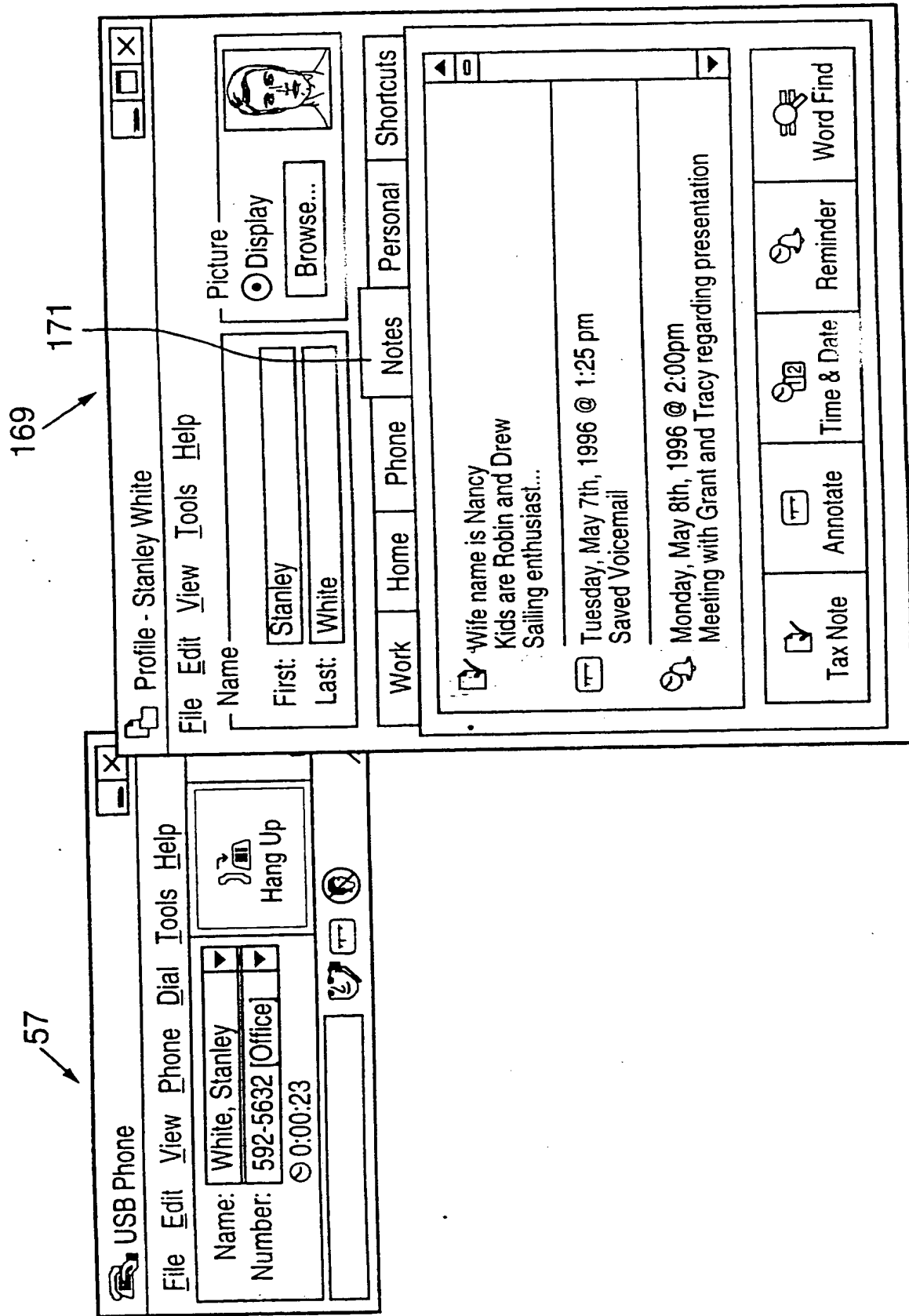


FIG.22D

26/46

Profile - Stanley White

File Edit View Tools Help

Name

First: Stanley

Last: White

Picture

☒ Display

Browse...

Work Home Phone Notes Personal Shortcuts

Company: MITEL Corporation

Type: Telecommunications

Address: 350 Legget

City: Kanata

Prov/State: Ontario

Country: Canada Code: K2K 1X3

FIG.23A

27/46

Profile - Stanley White

File Edit View Tools Help

Name

First: Stanley

Last: White

Picture

☒ Display

Browse...

Work Home Phone Notes Personal Shortcuts

Address: 23 Gordon Boul.

City: Ottawa

Prov/State: Ontario

Country: Canada Code: K2K 1X3

FIG.23B

Profile - Stanley White

File Edit View Tools Help

Name

First: Stanley

Last: White

Picture

☒ Display

Browse...

Work Home Phone Notes Personal Shortcuts

CLID Name: White, Stanley

Default Number: 592-2122 Office

	Prefix	Area	Number	Label
▶	1	613	592-2122	Office
	1	613	592-4566	Home
	1	613	797-3487	Cellular
	1	613	592-3317	Fax
*				

Dial Delete

FIG.23C

Profile - Stanley White

File Edit View Tools Help

Name

First: Stanley

Last: White

Picture

☒ Display

Browse...

Work Home Phone Notes Personal Shortcuts

Personal Greeting

☐ Play before the standard greeting

☒ Play instead of the standard greeting

☐ Don't play personal greeting

Change Greeting...

Personal Message

☒ Play personal message

Change Message...

FIG.23D

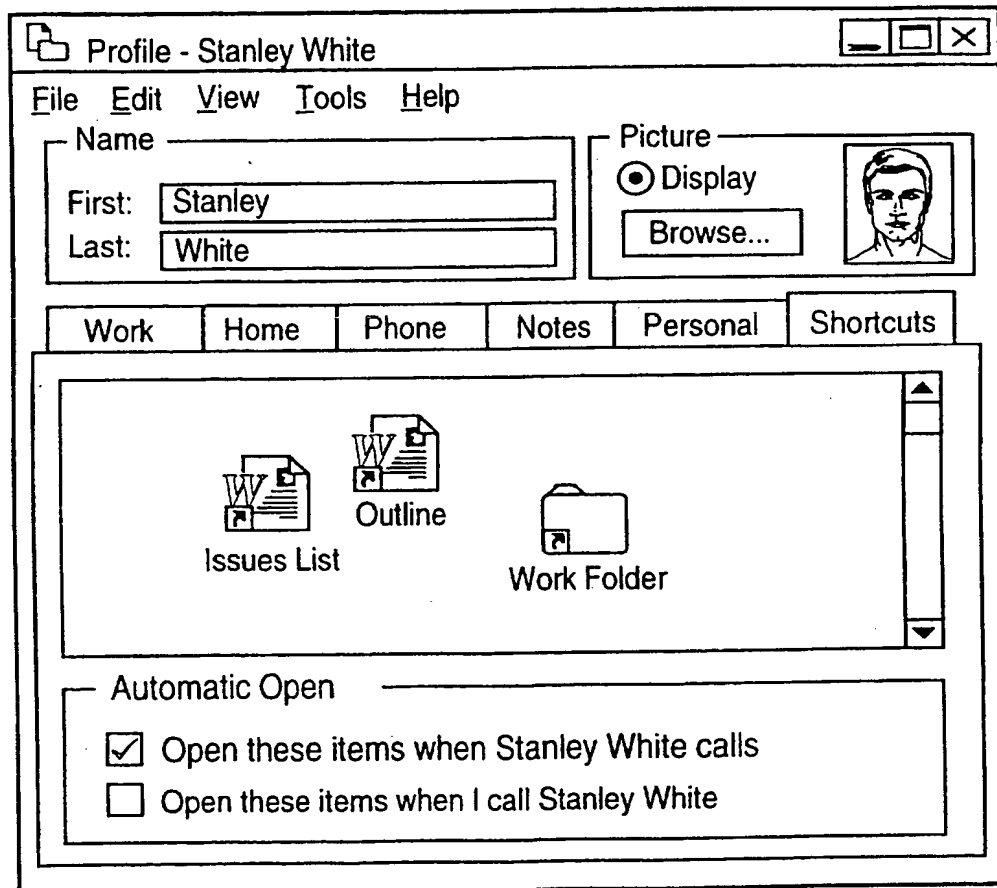


FIG.23E

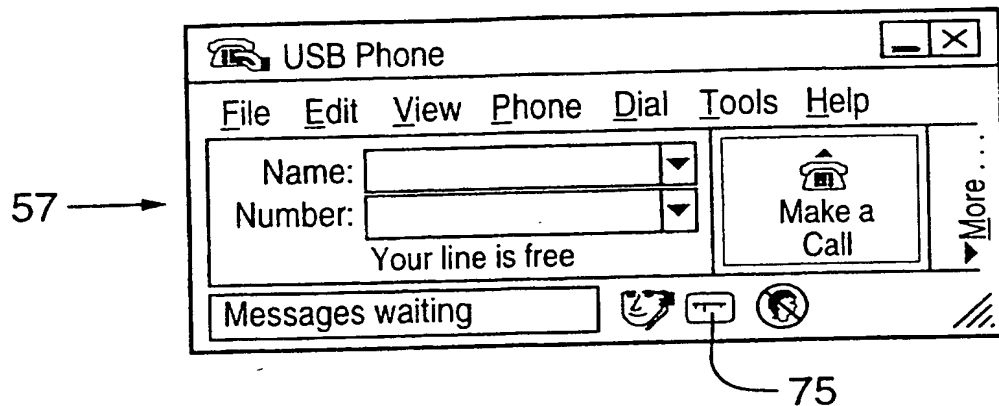


FIG. 24A

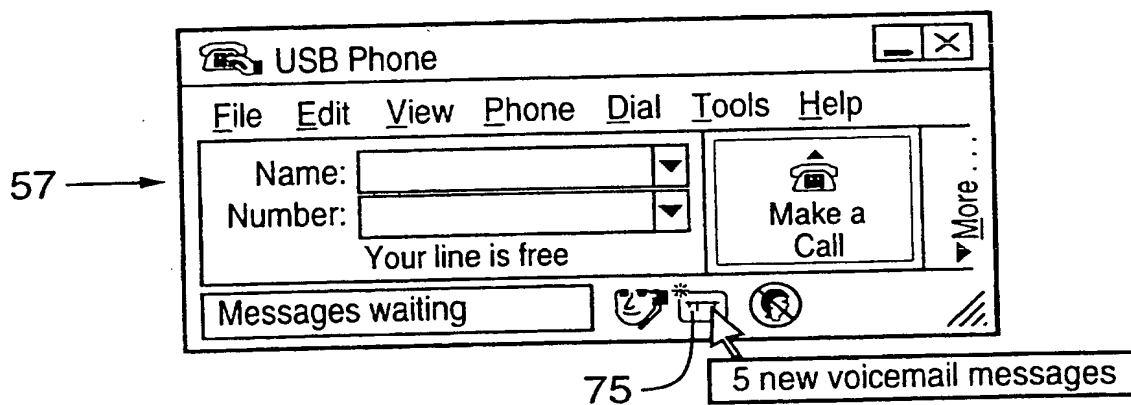


FIG. 24B

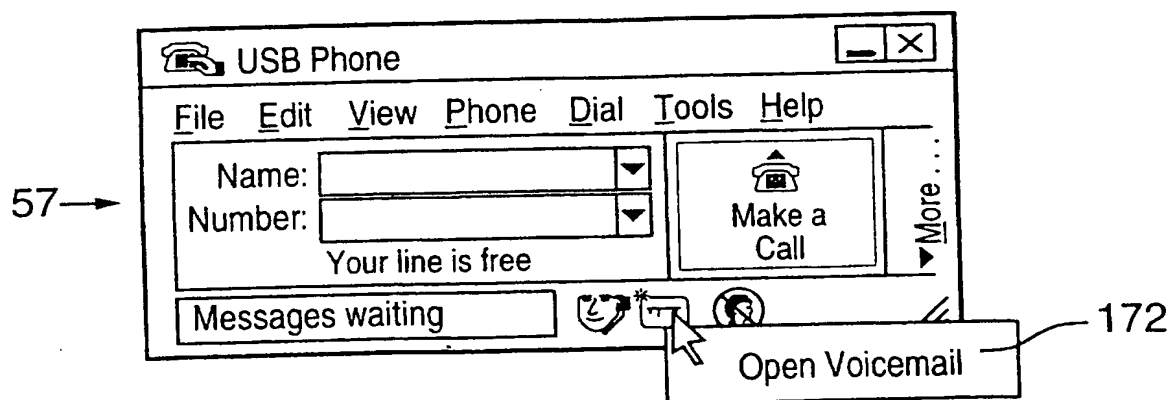


FIG. 24C

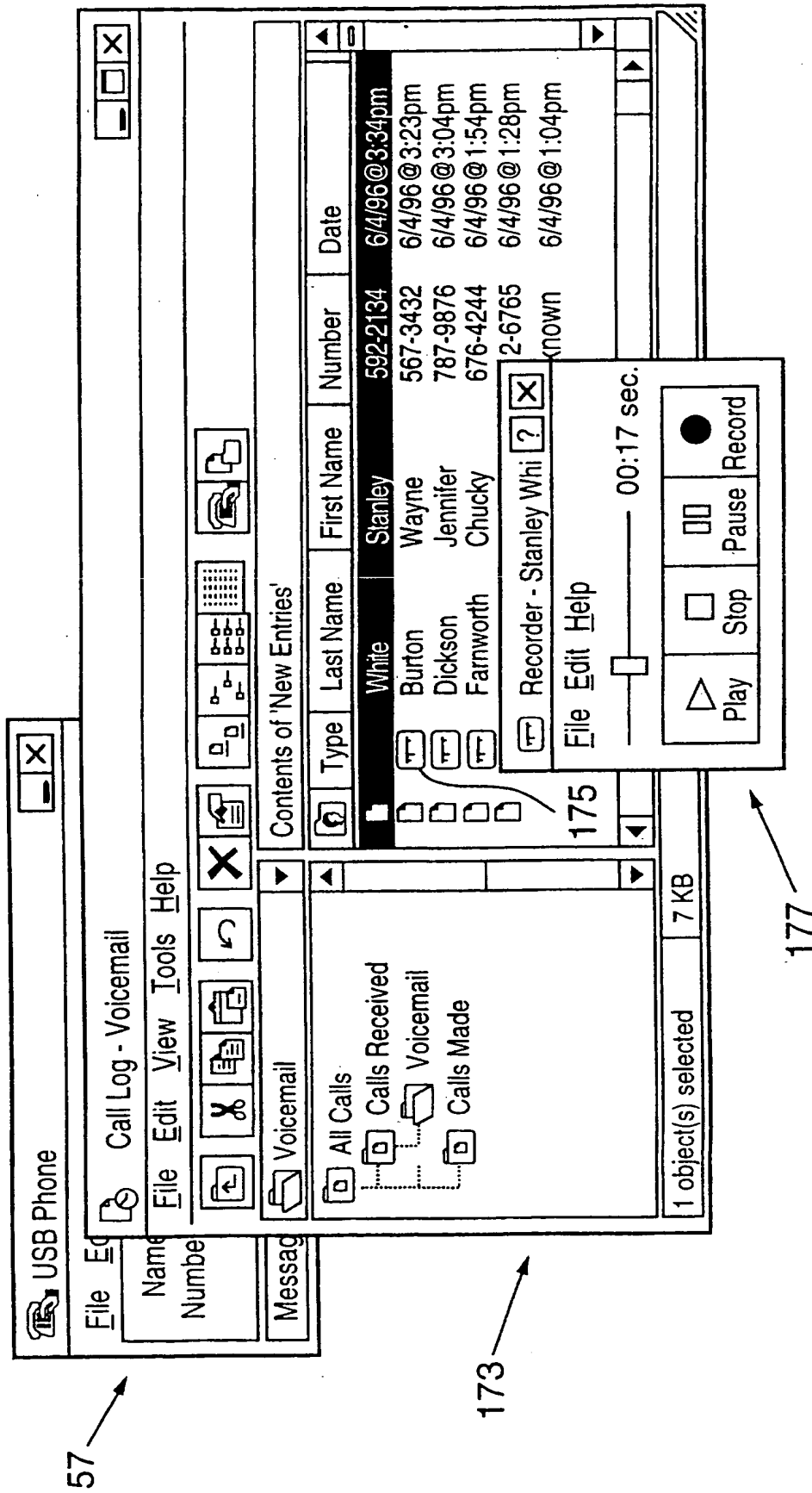


FIG.24D

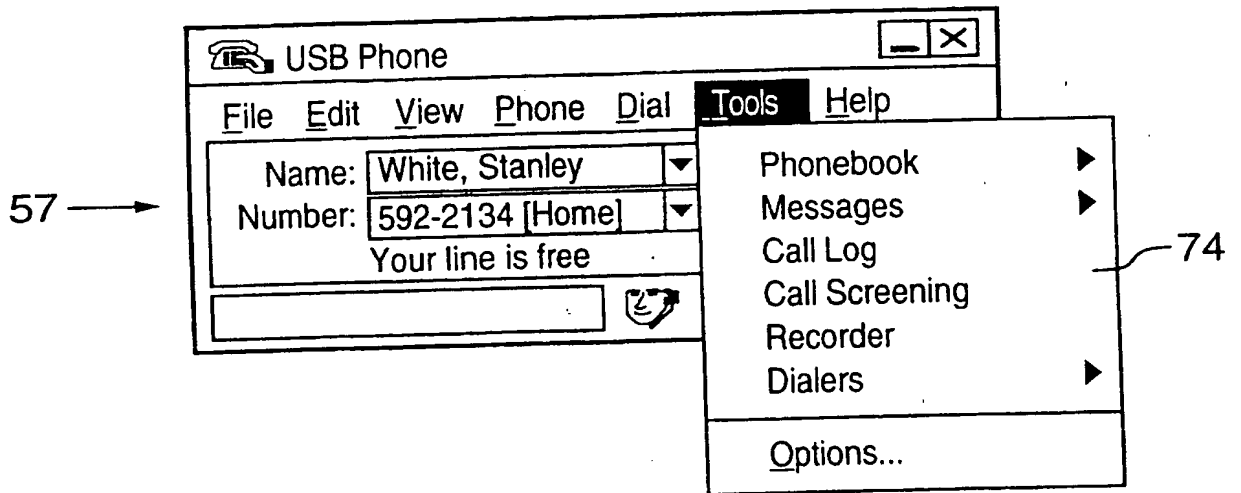


FIG. 25A

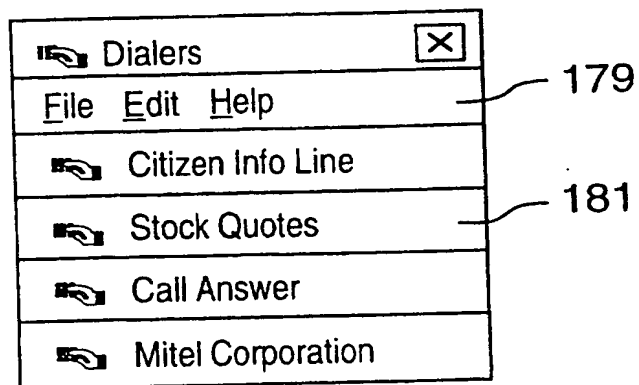


FIG. 25B

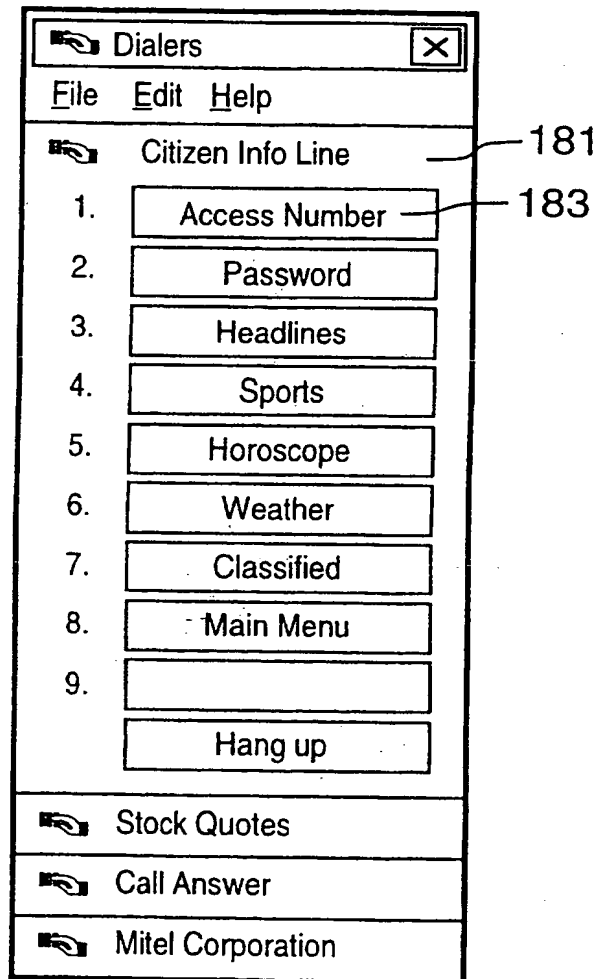


FIG.25C

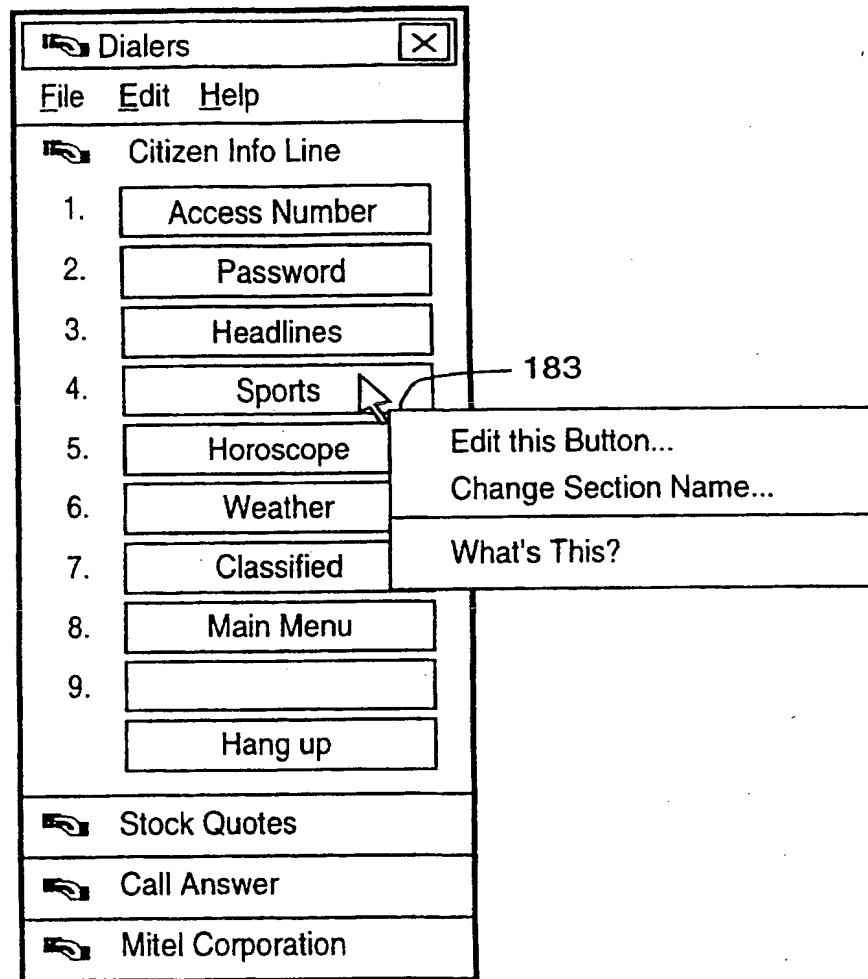


FIG.25D

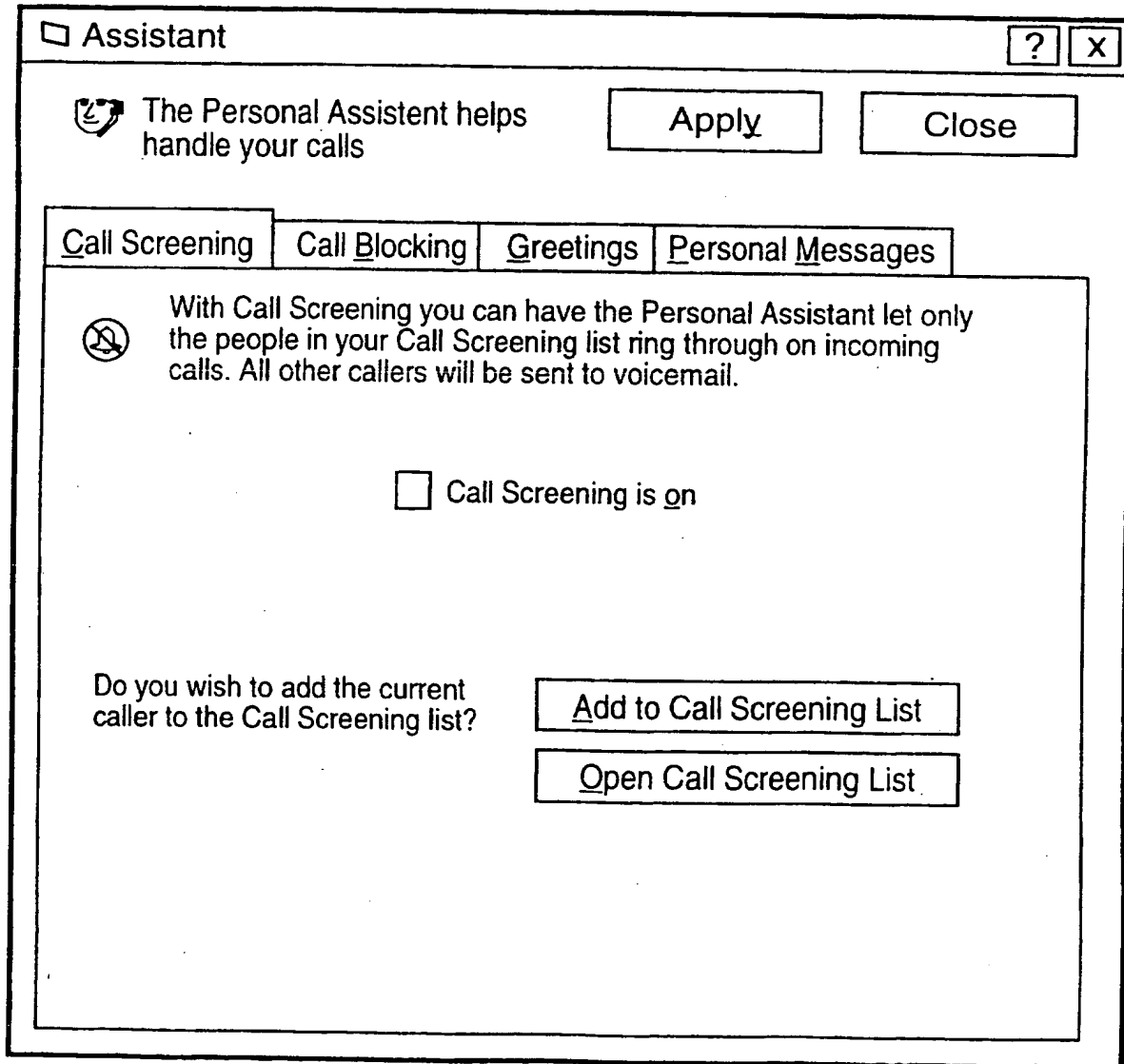


FIG.26A

37/46

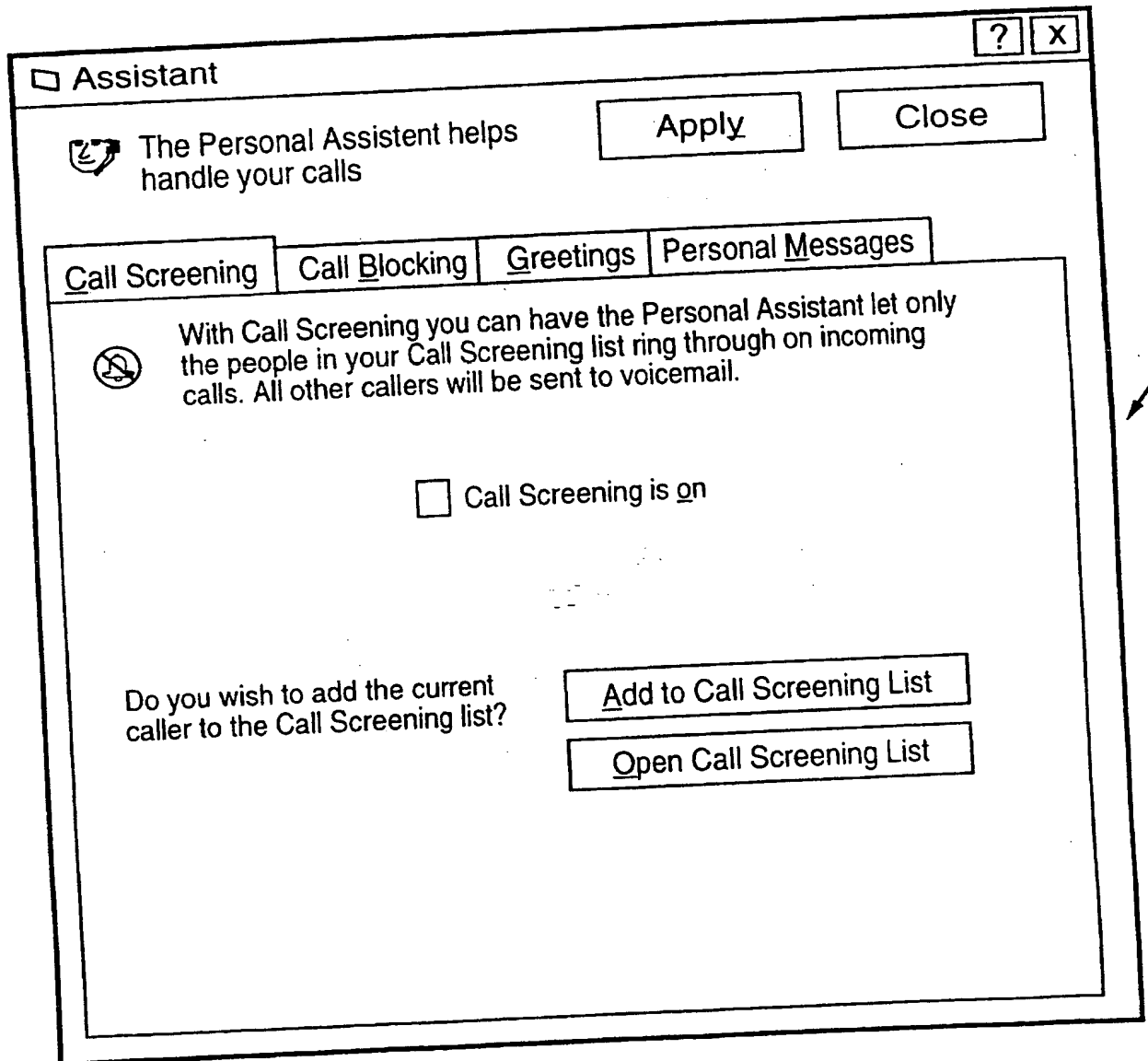




FIG.26B

Assistant [?] [X]

 The Personal Assistant helps handle your calls Apply Close

Call Screening Call Blocking Greetings Personal Messages

 Set-up the voicemail message your callers hear in three parts. First record how you want to greet them, next let them know your status and finally instruct them on what to do next.

"Hi, you've reached ABC Limited."	Default Greeting Test initial greeting ▼
"We can't get to the phone right now."	My Status [None] ▼
"Please leave a message at the tone."	Instructions Test instructions ▼

Sounds

185

FIG.26C

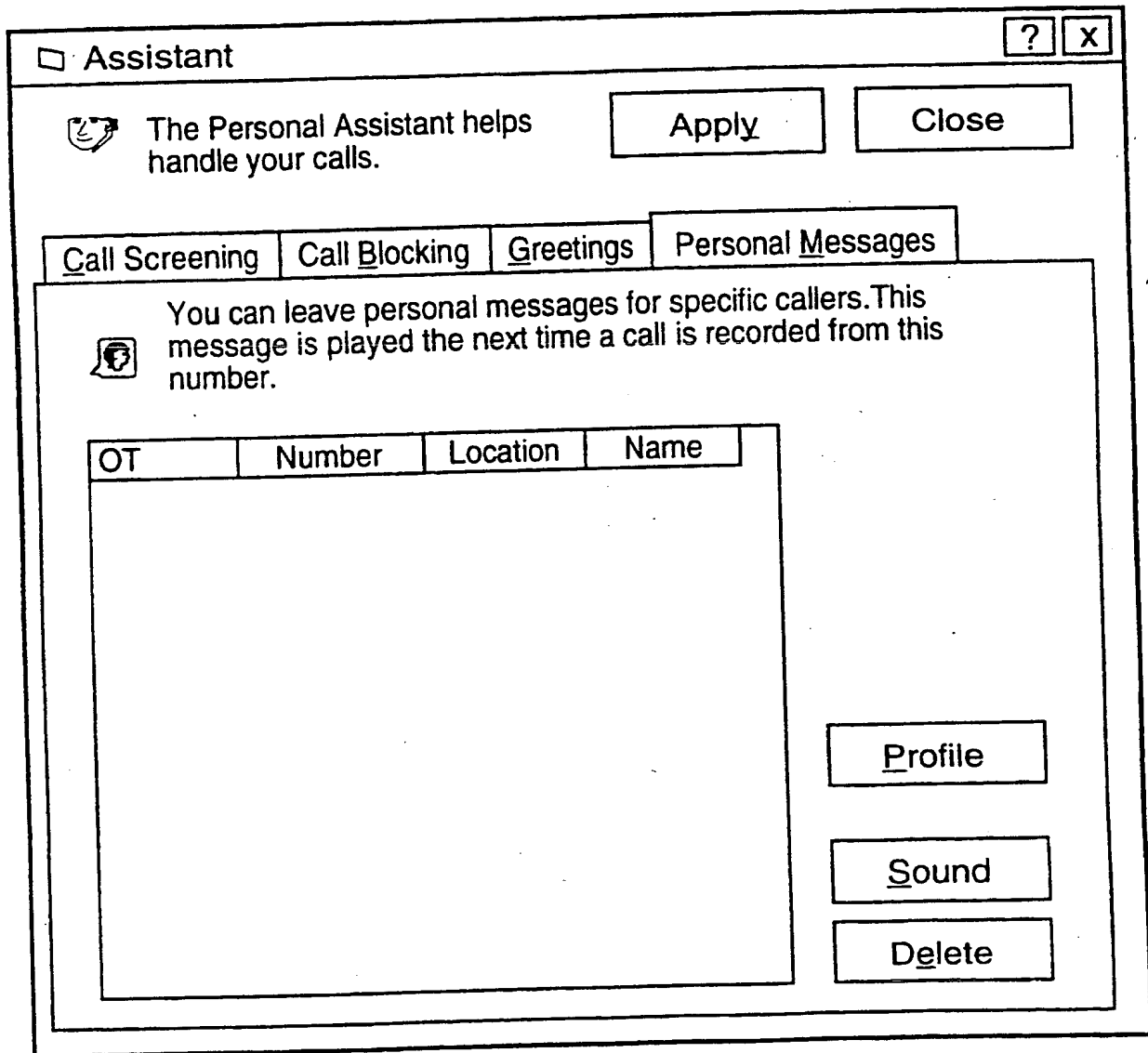


FIG.26D

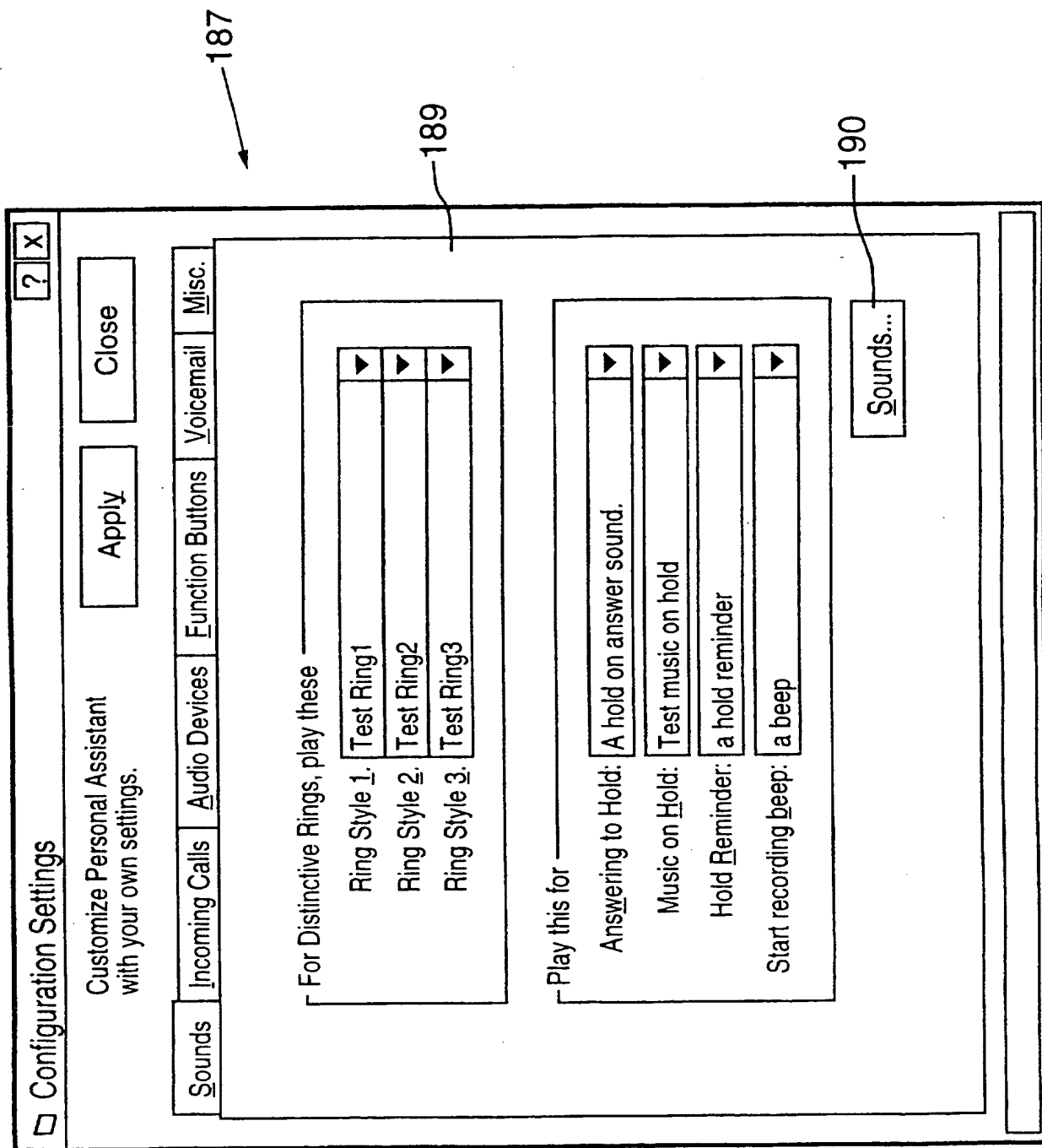


FIG.27A

187

191

Configuration Settings [?] [X]

Customize Personal Assistant
with your own settings.

Apply Close

Sounds Incoming Calls Audio Devices Function Buttons Voicemail Misc.

When we receive a phone call —
☐ Silence the first ring

Ring phone using —
☐ PC Speaker [recommended]
☒ Phone

☒ Auto Answer after —
5 rings if no messages, and
3 rings when new messages are waiting

On incoming calls, do the following —
☒ Pop-up the application
☒ Open contact profile based on CallerID

FIG.27B

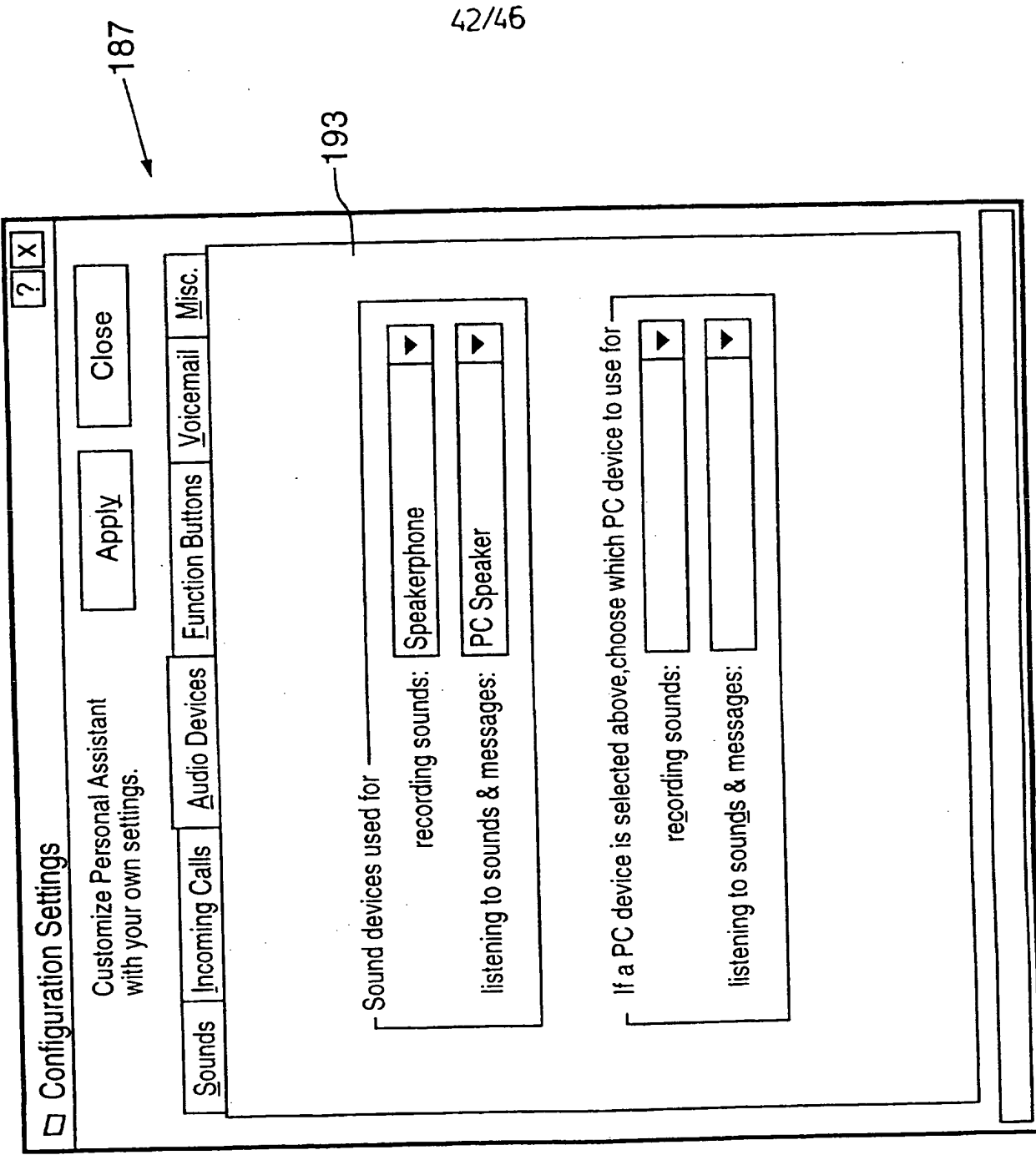


FIG.27C

Configuration Settings [?] [X]

Customize Personal Assistant
with your own settings.

Apply Close

Sounds Incoming Calls Audio Devices **Function Buttons** Voicemail Misc.

Set 0 Lahrkamp, Mike Doe, John Set 2
Set 1 Assistant Application Set 3

Set 4 Dialers
Set 5 MUTE
Set 6 Speakerphone
Set 7 Hold
Set 8 Call Log
Set 9 Calls Made

☒ Functions ☐ Speed Dials

[None]
Phonebook
Config
Record
Dialers
MUTE
Speakerphone
Hold
Call Log
Calls Made

Designation Card

Font: Courier Size: 12 Print Setup...
Title: Rich Loen's Phone Print Card

FIG.27D

187

197

Configuration Settings

Customize Personal Assistant
with your own settings.

Apply Close

Sounds Incoming Calls Audio Devices Function Buttons Voicemail Misc.

When recording voicemail messages...

Listen to the call? ☐

The maximum length of a voicemail message is : 01:33 (mm:ss)

When dialing in for my voicemail...

Remote retrieval messages are: ☐ Brief ☒ Detailed

The Password I enter on the touchtone phone is: 1234

FIG.27E

187

199

Configuration Settings

Customize Personal Assistant
with your own settings.

Apply Close

Sounds Incoming Calls Audio Devices Function Buttons Voicemail Misc.

Application Settings

☐ The telephone keypad should pick up the line when a key is pressed.

☒ Show the Tool Bar on startup.

☐ Ask for confirmation when hanging up?

☒ Show first name than last name in lists?

Auto redial ☒ Hold Reminder

Retry a maximum of 5 times
and wait for 00:30 (mm:ss)
between retries

Remind me every 60 seconds

Windows Modem Settings

My country code is: My area code is: Change


Toll List Modem Settings...

FIG.27F

Sound Manager

?

X



You can create or change sounds. These can then be assigned to a variety of different functions and features throughout.

Close

Available Sounds by Category

(All)

a beep

A hold on answer sound

a hold reminder

system sound

Test call announce sound

Test call block sound0

Test call block sound1

Test call block sound2

Test hold on answer

Test hold remind

Test initial greeting

Test instructions

Test music on hold

Sound Details

File Name:system.wav

Browse...

File Path:C:\Program Files\MitelUSB\Audio

Description:a beep

Sound Type:Beep

Last Modified:September 15, 1996

Edit Sound

Add

Replace

Delete

Cancel

Clear

Sound type filter.

FIG.28

SYSTEM FOR INTERACTIVE CONTROL OF COMPUTER AND TELEPHONEField of the Invention

5

This invention relates in general to personal computers and telephony, and more particularly to an interactive system by which a computer and telephone function cooperatively to implement a multiplicity of functions invoked by a user.

10

Background of the Invention

15

20

Software applications are known in the art for implementing telephony features using a personal computer. According to existing First Party Call Control architectures, a physical connection is provided between the telephone and personal computer for providing Computer Telephony Integration (CTI). Such prior art CTI architectures have suffered from extreme limitations in functionality and ease of use. For example, in order to place a phone call, a user typically must first close or minimize whatever application he or she is currently running (eg. Microsoft Word®), open the CTI application, enter the digits to be dialled via point-and-click numbers, and then click an accept or dial button. Alternatively, according to some CTI architectures, the user is able to navigate or browse a telephone directory in order to identify the party to be called and then, once located, highlight the party's name and click a dial button.

25

Understandably, the awkwardness of using such systems and the limited features provided thereby have led some consumers to abandon prior art CTI systems in favour of more functional telephone sets or even "plain old telephone sets" (POTS) with enhanced features being provided by the central office.

30

One of the reasons for the awkwardness and limited functionality of prior art CTI architectures is that there is no seamless integration of functions activated by the telephone and functions activated directly or indirectly by the computer.

Recent developments in the standardization of computer interfaces have led to

increased development of software applications which are adapted to integrate functionality of a personal computer with various and diverse external devices. For example, the recently established standard for USB (Universal Serial Bus - a 12 Mbit/s serial interface running over a four wire bus, with an associated software stack supporting peripheral connectivity to a personal computer) is expected to yield a raft of software applications which interact cooperatively with external devices ranging from video games to faxes and data modems.

An object of the present invention is to provide an interactive telephone and PC-based software application which will overcome the limitations of prior art CTI architectures and be compatible with emerging standardized interfaces such as USB.

Summary of the Invention

According to the present invention, an interactive system is provided by which a computer and telephone function cooperatively to implement a multiplicity of user-invoked features. Physically, the system comprises a telephone set which is connected to a personal computer on which a novel TAPI (Telephony Application Program Interface) application is executed. The telephone set includes a plurality of user-definable function keys in addition to the keypad, handset, speaker phone and other standard components. The user-definable function keys are programmable via the computer to implement specific telephony features or to launch applications on the computer. The TAPI application permits shared and interactive functionality between the computer and telephone set including, but not limited to, call management, call logging, call recording, phonebook database creation and editing, and dialling. The telephone set is connected to a single central office line, and can be connected to the computer via either a USB or a standard RS-232 serial line.

The TAPI application according to the present invention comprises a plurality of user interface components for user display and printing, and a plurality of engine components for call processing, data storage and manipulation, application configuration management and audio recording and playback. The engine

components are located in one or more Dynamic Link Libraries (DLLs) to provide the necessary information for display or printing by the user interface components. The user interface components are contained in a main executable file and are isolated from the non-user or engine components to allow for flexibility in future interface developments.

The user interface components of the present invention provide a graphical user interface (GUI) characterized by a number of useful features. According to one aspect of the GUI, a "flyout" control bar may be activated by the user to display various context sensitive call features. According to another aspect, where caller line identification data (CLID) is sent to the user's system, the caller's picture is displayed on-screen as a bit map, along with the user's name and telephone number. According to an additional aspect, the user can program a plurality of custom diallers which operate in a manner somewhat similar to speed diallers except that the diallers are logically sequenced by the user for navigating automated attendants and other comparable call answering systems.

Brief Description of the Drawings

A detailed description of the preferred embodiment is provided herein below with reference to the following drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic illustration of the computer-based telephony system according to a general aspect of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a block diagram showing software modules which form the protocol stack governing communication between the telephone set and computer of the telephony system according to the present invention;

Figure 3 shows a main window display generated by the software application according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 4 shows the main window display of Figure 3 with a flyout control bar thereof in the open position;

5 Figures 5a though 5c show the main window display according to an alternative embodiment of the present invention, wherein Figure 5a shows the main window display with toolbar showing, and Figures 5b and 5c show the main window display with control bar actuator positioned n the right and left, respectively;

10 Figures 6a though 6c show a receptionist icon or indicator of a status line of the main window according to the first embodiment;

 Figures 7a though 7c show a voicemail icon or indicator of the status line of the main window according to the first embodiment;

15 Figures 8a though 8d show a "Do Not Disturb" icon or indicator of the status line of the main window according to the first embodiment;

20 Figure 9 is a block diagram showing user interface components of the software application and engine components of the core software module executed by the computer according to the present invention;

25 Figures 10 shows the main window display of the first embodiment in the event of an incoming call (Figure 10a), with the control bar in the open position (Figure 10b), and with the Phone menu open (Figure 10c), whereas Figure 10d shows the main display according to the alternative embodiment;

30 Figure 11 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment when an incoming call is sent to voice mail (Figure 11a), with the control bar in the open position (Figure 11b), and with the Phone menu open (Figure 11c);

 Figure 12 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment when a voice mail message is being recorded (Figure 12a) and the user picks-up the

call (Figure 12b);

Figure 13 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment when a call is diverted to hold;

Figure 14 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment during a hang-up sequence beginning with the user hanging up (Figure 14a), the call state being indicated as "Hanging Up" (Figure 14b), and finally the call state being indicated as "Your Line is Free" (Figure 14c);

Figure 15 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment during a direct dial sequence beginning in the idle state with the user clicking the "Make a call" default button (Figure 15a), followed by positioning of the cursor over the Number field and the call state being indicated as "Enter a phone number" (Figure 15b), entering of dial digits (Figure 15c), and finally upon a match between the entered dial digits and a number stored in the Phonebook, the called party's name is displayed along with a call timer for the duration of the call (Figure 15d);

Figure 16 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment during an on-hook dial sequence beginning in the idle state (Figure 16a), followed by positioning of the cursor over the Number field and entering of dial digits (Figure 16b), as digits are entered, if a match is found in the Phonebook, the name of the person being called is displayed in the Name field (Figure 16c), clicking of the "Make a Call" icon appearing in the default button (Figure 16d), and finally initiating the call and displaying the call timer (Figure 16e);

Figure 17 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment during a dial by name sequence beginning in the idle state (Figure 17a), followed by positioning of the cursor over the Name field and entering of letters of the name of the person to be called (Figure 17b), as letters are entered, if a match is found in the Phonebook, the name and default telephone number of the person being called are displayed (Figure 17c), selecting a different phone number for the person being

called, from a drop-down list (Figure 17d), clicking of the "Make a Call" icon appearing in the default button (Figure 17e), and finally initiating the call and displaying the call timer (Figure 17f);

5 Figure 18 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment during a speed dial sequence beginning in the idle state with the user selecting a "Dial" menu item from the menu bar (Figure 18a), selecting a name and number from the "Speed Dial" list Figure 18b), displaying the selected name and number are displayed (Figure 18c), initiating the call and displaying the call timer (Figure 18d);

10 Figure 19 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment during a drag-and-drop name search and dial sequence, beginning in the idle state (Figure 19a), highlighting and dropping a portion of text from another application into the Name field such that the Phonebook is automatically searched and in response to a
15 match the default number associated with the matched name is displayed in the Number field (Figure 19c), clicking on the default button resulting in a line being selected and digit out-pulsing (Figure 19d), and once the dialling is complete, display of the call timer (Figure 19e);

20 Figure 20 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment during a hang up, beginning with clicking on the "Hang Up" icon of the default button (Figure 20a), displaying a "Hanging Up" message (Figure 20b), and finally returning to the idle state (Figure 20c);

25 Figure 21 shows an extension in use indicator of the main window display according to the first embodiment;

30 Figure 22 shows the main window display according to the first embodiment during a sequence of adding a party to the Phonebook from the connected state (Figure 22a) where the user activates the control bar (Figure 22b), and therefrom activates a Phonebook window (Figure 22c) from which a Profile window can be activated (Figure 22d);

Figure 23a shows a Work tab of the Profile window, a Home tab is shown in Figure 23b, a Phone tab is shown in Figure 23c, a Personal tab is shown in Figure 23d and a Shortcuts tab is shown in Figure 23e;

5 Figure 24 shows the main window sequence according to the first embodiment for playing a voicemail message from the idle state with a message waiting icon flashing (Figure 24a), with a tooltip indicating the number of messages waiting (Figure 24b), with a shortcut mouse click to open voicemail (Figure 24c) and displaying the voicemail subdirectory of a Call Log and superimposed recorder
10 window;

Figure 25 shows various window displays indicating operation of a user customizable dialler feature according to the first embodiment, wherein Figure 25a shows access to the dialler feature via the Tools menu of the main window, Figure
15 25b shows a series of user defined categories or sections of the dialler, Figure 25c shows a particular section in an open state, and Figure 25d shows an editing feature for a selected button;

Figure 26 shows a Personal Assistant window according to the alternative
20 embodiment including a plurality of tabs identified as Call Screening (Figure 26a), Call Blocking (Figure 26b), Greetings (Figure 26c) and Personal Messages (Figure 26d);

Figures 27a through 27f show a configuration window having multiple user
25 selectable tabs for configuring the telephone and application, wherein Figure 27a shows a Sounds tab, Figure 27b shows an Incoming Calls tab, Figure 27c shows an Audio Devices tab, and Figure 27d shows a Function Buttons tab, Figure 27e shows a Voicemail tab, and Figure 27f shows a Miscellaneous tab; and

30 Figure 28 shows a Sound Manager window for effecting sound recording and editing..

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

Turning to Figure 1, the computer-based telephony system of the present invention is shown in its broadest aspect comprising a telephone set 1 connected to a telephone switching system 3 (e.g. central office) via a telephone line 5. The telephone set 1 is also connected to a personal computer 7 via a serial link 9. The personal computer 7 includes a monitor or display 8 as well as a mouse pointer 10 and keyboard 12, in a well known manner. According to the preferred embodiment, the serial link is one of either a USB or RS-232 line, although other suitable data communication links are possible. The computer 7 executes a TAPI compliant software application for communicating with the telephone set 1 to implement various telephony functions, as discussed in greater detail below.

The telephone set 1 includes a handset 11 and keypad 13, and in addition includes a plurality of programmable function keys 15. As discussed in greater detail below, respective ones of the function keys may be programmed via the software application executed on computer 7 to activate predetermined telephony functions or software functions on the computer. For example, in one scenario a function key may be programmed to automatically activate a "Do Not Disturb" feature while in another scenario the function key may be programmed to launch a software application such as Microsoft Word®. The set 1 also includes a message waiting lamp 16 which is activated by the software application to notify the caller of an incoming message, which can be a voicemail message, a fax, Internet email or other multimedia message.

As indicated above, the software application running on computer 7 communicates with telephone set 1 via serial link 9. As shown in Figure 2, in order for this communication to take place, data must pass through a plurality of modules which form a protocol stack between the application 17 and telephone set 1. The telephone set 1 incorporates a microprocessor 19 (e.g. Intel 80930) with Flash EPROM memory 21. A modem 23 is connected to microprocessor 19 and is also provided with a Flash memory 25. The microprocessor 19 and modem 23 together control implementation of standard telephony functions such as incoming call,

outgoing call, call waiting, speaker phone conversation, hold, etc., in a well known manner. However, in accordance with the principles of the present invention, the software application 17 is able to interact with the telephone set 1 to cooperatively implement a multiplicity of user-invoked features.

5

Although the software modules comprising the protocol stack do not form part of the present invention, a brief description is provided herein for completeness. The highest level in the stack is represented by the software application 17 which comprises a plurality of user interface components for display and printing
10 functionality, as discussed in greater detail below with reference to Figure 9. Immediately below the application 17 is a core 27 comprising a plurality of engine components for providing all of the support which the user interface components require to display and print data. This support includes call processing, data storage and manipulation, application configuration management and audio recording and
15 playback. The engine components are located in one or more DLLs with "C" language interfaces to them, as discussed in greater detail below.

According to the preferred embodiment as of the filing date of this application, the application 17 is coded in VisualBasic whereas the core 27 of engine components
20 is coded in C++. To facilitate access from VisualBasic to the DLLs, an OCX layer 29 is provided. The OCX layer 29 is also coded in C++.

Below the OCX layer is TAPI layer 31, which is a Microsoft device independent communication library created by Microsoft for use by programmers
25 writing telephony applications (including data, fax and voice modem) for Microsoft operating systems.

Below TAPI layer 31 is a TAPI service provider referred to as "Musmdm.Tsp" layer 33. This layer communicates with Microsoft's
30 "Unimodem/V.Tsp" and "Unimodem/V.Vxd" layers 35 and 37, respectively, which form the standard Windows 95® low-level software architecture for supporting telephony applications utilizing voice/data/fax modems.

The "Unimodem/V.Vxd" layer 37 communicates with a Mitel.Vxd layer 39 which provides an interface to the standard VCOM layer 41. VCOM layer 41 is a static VxD which is loaded when booting Windows 95, and which functions as a device driver interface to the devices connected to serial link 9 (ie. USB or RS-232 port drivers).

Since the UniModem V architecture does not support a number of essential telephony signals, such as keypad, hookswitch, hold, etc., a 16 bit/32 bit "thunking layer" 43 is provided for circumventing the UniModem V layers for these signals.

At the lowest levels of the protocol stack, VCOM layer 41 communicates with one of either with a VCOM mapper 45 for the USB version of this invention or a VCOM port driver referred to as MSerial.Vxd 47.

For the USB version, VCOM mapper 45 communicates with a USB device driver "musb.sys" 49 for causing the USB to "appear" as a serial port. The "musb.sys" driver 49 communicates the standard Microsoft USB stack and associated hardware 51 for transmitting and receiving serial data via the USB.

For the RS-232 version, the MSerial.Vxd driver 47 communicates with a UART 53 (Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter) in a well known manner.

At the telephone set 1, the USB hardware 51 communicates directly with microprocessor 19 via associated USB hardware incorporated into the microprocessor, whereas for the RS-232 version UART 53 communicates with a further UART 55 connected to the microprocessor 19.

As indicated above, the user interface components of application 17 are responsible for implementing a Graphical User Interface (GUI) which allows the user to access various software and telephony features. The principal user interface to these features is provided by the main window 57 which is depicted via display 8 of computer 7. Two embodiments of the GUI are discussed herein. A first embodiment

is initially shown in Figure 3 while an alternative embodiment is initially shown in Figure 5. The basic user functionality provided by the two embodiments is similar. A detailed description of the functionality is described herein in detail with reference to the first embodiment, and supplemented where appropriate with reference to the alternative embodiment. As of the date of initial filing of this application, the second embodiment constitutes the best mode, the operation of which will be understood by a person of ordinary skill in the art having reference to the detailed description of the first embodiment supplemented by reference to the second embodiment disclosed herein.

The main window display according to the first embodiment (Figure 3), includes a title bar 59 with document control menu icon as well as minimize and close buttons, a customizable toolbar 60 with volume, speaker, microphone, voicemail, profile, phonebook, call log and help buttons showing, a display area 61 with name field, number field and call state information, a context sensitive default button 63 which has focus and responds to the "Enter" key from the keyboard of computer 7 (unless the focus is changed by the user), a control bar actuator 65, a menu bar 67, resize control 69, and a status line 71 with indicators including receptionist icon 73, voicemail icon 75 and "Do Not Disturb" icon 77.

A horizontal control bar 79 can be opened from the main window display 57, as shown in Figure 4. The control bar 79 opens when the screen pointer of mouse 10 passes over the control bar actuator 65 (similar to the auto hide/show feature of the Windows 95® task bar), and can be programmed to open automatically in the event of an incoming call at telephone 1. According to one embodiment of the invention a time delay is provided (e.g. 0.2 secs) after positioning the mouse pointer over the actuator 65, in order to prevent accidental inadvertent opening of the control bar 79. The control bar 79 remains open as long as mouse pointer 10 is positioned over any one of the function buttons 81. Preferably, a time delay is provided (e.g. 0.5 secs.) after the mouse pointer 10 has moved from the control bar 79 before the control bar is closed. The control bar 79 may also be opened using a keyboard sequence (such as Alt+m).

In the event that the user drags the main window display 57 to the right side of display 8 so that there is no longer sufficient room for the control bar 79 to open to the right, the control bar and associated default button 63 swap positions with the display area 61 and the control bar opens to the left of the main window display 57. This feature of the invention is shown in Figure 5b and 5c, which show the main window display 57 according to the alternative embodiment.

The control bar 79 provides a normally hidden menu of function buttons 81 to the user. The buttons 81 are preferably labelled with icons and text. By keeping the control bar 79 closed during normal operation, considerable screen real estate is saved. Opening of the control bar 79 provides the user with immediate access to call handling features without having to scroll through a multitude of menus or buttons, waiting for tool tips to pop-up, etc., as is common with prior art CTI applications. Furthermore, according to an important aspect of the invention, the default button 63 and buttons 81 of the control bar 79 are context sensitive so as to provide functionality derived from all parts of the software application 17, but only function options which are appropriate to the state of the telephone call (e.g. when a call is in progress, as shown in Figure 4, the options are Hang Up, Hold, Recorder and Open File).

According to the embodiment shown in Figure 3, the options of menu bar 67 include:

i) a File menu for providing access to Import and Export functions (e.g. links to contact lists from other PIMs, etc.), and an Exit command which quits the application 17;

ii) an Edit menu which provides access to well known cut, copy, paste and delete commands, which may be used to modify both the name and number fields of display area 61;

iii) a View menu which allows the user to hide or show the toolbar 60 within main window 57;

iv) a Phone menu for presenting various telephony function options to the

user for call handling - as with the default button 63 and function buttons 81 discussed above, the telephony function options presented in the Phone menu are made context sensitive by dimming commands which are not appropriate to the telephone call state;

5 v) a Dial menu which presents the user with a list of user definable important or frequently dialled numbers as well as a Calls Made list and Calls Received list -the Dial menu including:

- a Speed Dial sub-menu defined by the user in the phonebook such that for each person in the list, all relevant phone numbers are displayed. Upon
10 selection of a phone number, the name and number are dropped in display area 61, the telephone 1 goes off-hook and digits are immediately out-pulsed;
- a Calls Made sub-menu for providing the user with a list of the last 20 people who were called, sorted by date and time, with the last person called appearing at the top of the list;
- 15 - a Calls Received sub-menu for providing the user with a list of the last 20 people who called, sorted by date and time.

vi) a Tools menu 74 (see Figure 25a) for providing the user with access to advanced features of the application 17, such as:

- a Phonebook sub-menu for providing the user with access to various
20 phonebook functions and directories;
- a Messages sub-menu for providing the user with access to messaging functions, greetings as well as voicemail messages left for the user in the Call Log (discussed below);
- a Call Log sub-menu which opens the user's call log, (discussed below);
- 25 - a Call Screening menu the call screening function on or off (i.e. sending incoming calls, except those in the Call Screen folder of the phonebook, to voicemail without disturbing the user,
- a Recorder menu item for opening the Recorder window for recording a conversation;
- 30 - a Diallers sub-menu for providing a list of user defined buttons which can be used for speed-dialling or navigation (discussed in greater detail below).

The options of Menu bar 67 according to the embodiment of Figure 5 are similar, except that there are no View and Dial menu items.

5 As indicated above, and as shown in Figures 6a to 6c, the status line 71 includes a receptionist icon 73 for indicating that the receptionist function is active, meaning that advisory messages and personal messages are automatically played for specific callers based on CLID. As shown in Figure 6b, when the mouse pointer 10 enters the bounding box of receptionist icon 73, a tool tip box 78 opens displaying the current message to be played for incoming callers who are sent to voicemail. A right mouse button click when the mouse pointer 10 is over the receptionist icon 73 opens a shortcut menu 80 for selecting advisory messages, as shown in Figure 6c.

15 In the alternative embodiment shown in Figures 5a through 5c, the receptionist icon 73 appears as a button for implementing predetermined features such as call screening, call blocking, greetings and personal messages, all of which are discussed in greater detail below.

20 The status line 71 also includes a voicemail icon 75 which functions as a messages indicator to alert the user to any new voicemail messages. As shown in Figures 7a to 7c, when messages are waiting the icon flashes (Figure 7a). As shown in Figure 7b, when the mouse pointer 10 enters the bounding box of voicemail icon 75, a tool tip box 82 opens displaying the number of new messages. A right mouse button click when the mouse pointer 10 is over the voicemail icon 73 opens a shortcut menu 84 for accessing voicemail messages, as shown in Figure 7c. A double click opens the voicemail folder of the Call Log, as discussed in greater detail below.

30 A "Do Not Disturb" icon 77 is included in the status line 71, as shown in greater detail with reference to Figures 8a to 8d. The "Do Not Disturb" icon 77 alerts the user that some or all callers are being prevented from calling in (see Figure 8a). As shown in Figure 8b, when the mouse pointer 10 enters the bounding box of "Do Not Disturb" icon 77, a tool tip box 86 opens displaying the status of Call Screen. A right mouse button click when the mouse pointer 10 is over the voicemail icon 73

opens a shortcut menu 88 for turning the Call Screen function on or off, as shown in Figure 8c, while a double click toggles between the on/off states. Figure 8d shows the icon 77 indicating that Call Screen is off.

5 In the alternative embodiment of Figure 5, a bell icon 72 is provided for opening a sound manager window for creating or changing sounds and assigning predetermined sounds to different functions, as discussed in greater detail below.

10 Turning now to Figure 9, the user interface components of software application 17 and the engine components of core 27 are shown in greater detail. All communications between the engine components and the user interface components are provided through a main window component 83. The main window component 83 displays the main window display 57 including menu bar 67, toolbar 60, status line 71, display area 61 and default button 63, as discussed above. If the data being
15 communicated by the core 27 is intended for a user interface component other than the main window component 83, the main window component routes it appropriately.

20 A display window component 85 functions in conjunction with the main window component 83 to generate display area 61 for showing line and call information.

 Flyout menu component 87 displays the context-sensitive control bar 79 for providing push-button-style menu selections.

25 The application configuration dialog 89 and phone configuration dialog 91, in combination allow the user to configure the software application, as discussed in greater detail below with reference to Figure 27.

30 The group editor 93 allows the user to manipulate entries in a Call Screening list, Call Blocking List or Speed Dial list, as discussed in greater detail below.

 The directory component 95 displays information relating to the user's

business and personal contacts. The Phonebook is analogous to a Personal Information Manager (PIM). The Phonebook display is discussed in greater detail below with reference to Figure 23, and contains the following tabs:

Home - Name and home address

5 Work - Name, company name, type of contact and business address

Phone Numbers - Home, business, fax and cellular phone numbers

Personal - User selectable greeting and message preferences

Notes - Editor OCX that supports sound objects

10 Shortcuts - Window with preferred application icons (e.g. Microsoft Word®, Excel®, etc.) which are automatically opened when the contact is called or when the contact calls

The user can configure programmable icons using the programmable icons dialog 97. These icons can be programmed to access CO voicemail and IVR systems.

15

The voice record dialog 99 allows the user to record greetings and other voice recordings.

The retrieve voicemail dialog 101 is used to access voicemail messages.

20

The call log 103 is used to display all telecommunications activity from the application 17.

25 The about box 105 displays application version information and current system statistics, in a conventional manner.

When the user wishes to play a voice mail message from Microsoft Exchange®, a Microsoft Exchange UI application 107 is invoked. (user interface). This application displays controls to play, stop, rewind and fast forward the message.

30

The tray icon 109 appears in the Windows 95® task bar. When this icon is selected, the tray window is displayed. The tray window provides access to basic

functions of the application 17.

Turning now to the engine components of core 27, call manager 111 maintains call-specific data for all existing calls on all lines. The call manager 111 uses TAPI to
 5 obtain the call-specific information it requires. For each call, the following data is stored:

1. TAPI call handle
2. call state
- 10 3. whether the call is incoming or outgoing
4. whether the call should be blocked (for incoming calls)
5. whether the call should be screened (for incoming calls)
6. digits dialed, name of person called (for outgoing calls)
7. caller ID number and name (for incoming calls)
- 15 8. call start time, call duration
9. DTMF digits received (for incoming calls)

The line manager 113 maintains line-specific data for all available telephone lines. It interfaces to TAPI 31 to perform line-related requests. The line manager
 20 facilitates multi-line support in the application 17. For each line, it stores the following data:

1. TAPI line handle
2. line state
- 25 3. feature supported by the line
4. count of rings for an unanswered incoming call
5. existing calls on the line (actual data is maintained by call manager 111)
6. number of rings to wait before answering incoming calls
7. voice mail on/off state

30

Line manager 133 also performs the following line-related requests:

1. dial number
2. hang up
3. answer incoming call

5 The line manager 113 contains a TAPI callback to receive line-specific notifications from TAPI layer 31.

10 The phone manager 115 maintains data that is specific to the telephone 1. It interfaces to TAPI layer 31 to perform phone-related requests. The data maintained by phone manager 115 includes:

1. status of lamp 16
2. hookswitch status
3. phone button data

15 The phone manager 115 also contains a TAPI callback to receive telephone-specific notifications from TAPI layer 31.

20 During operation, the telephone 1 needs to know when the application 17 is active. When the application is not active, the telephone 1 reverts to a regular POTS telephone and the programmable buttons 15 lose their functionality. In order to determine whether the application 17 is active, the telephone 1 attempts to send a so-called 'are you alive?' message to the phone manager 115. The phone manager then responds with the appropriate reply.

25 The call control manager 117 manages all incoming and outgoing telephone calls in conjunction with the line manager 113, call manager 111 and phone manager 115 to access telephony functionality. The line and phone managers forward required call progress events which they receive from TAPI 31 to the call control manager 30 117. The call control manager 117 also manages any audio playback which may be required for a call.

The database manager 119 provides an interface to the databases 120 stored on disk in computer 7. The databases 120 are preferably stored in Microsoft Jet format (.MDB). This manager's interface is independent of the database technology being used. The database manager 119 supports the following functionality:

5

1. open and close databases
2. read and write database table data
3. perform database queries

10

The smart data access manager 121 provides intelligent access and modification capabilities to all data required by the engine components of core 27 (excluding user preference data). For simplicity, the user interface components of application 17 may implement the data access functionality they require. For the best mode of this invention as of its filing date, the user interface components are written in VisualBasic®, so that the task of implementing data access functionality required is simplified and results in saving the overhead of passing large amounts of data between the database and the engine components and then between the engine components and the user interface components. The smart data access manager 121 uses the database manager 119 to read and write data that is stored in the databases 120.

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20

The smart data access manager 121 supports the following functionality (or the subset of this functionality that only the engine components require):

25

1. read/write call log data
 - a. get Last Number Redial list
 - b. get Calls Answered list
 - c. get Calls Missed list
2. read/write Phonebook data
3. read/write voice mail data
4. read/write greeting message data
5. read/write programmable icon data

30

All required queries (known in advance), are understood by the smart data access manager 121. This manager is responsible for keeping track of data storage mechanisms in use by the application 17. All audio recordings (e.g. greeting messages and voice mail messages) are stored as separate disk files. References to these files are stored in the databases 120 where needed.

The call discrimination manager 123 is responsible for determining the call type (voice, fax or data modem) of incoming calls, by means of fax tone detection, distinctive ring, caller ID and DTMF detection. The call control manager 117 passes any required call-specific information to the call discrimination manager 123 as it becomes available. Once an incoming call has been discriminated, the call discrimination manager 123 informs the call control manager of the result. If the call is a fax or data modem call, the call control manager 117 attempts to pass it to an application that can handle it (using the phone manager 115).

The registry manager 125 provides an interface to the Windows 95® registry.

The configuration manager 127 is responsible for maintaining application configuration information and user preferences on the basis of user input via the application configuration dialog 89 and phone configuration dialog 91. The configuration manager 127 uses the registry manager 125 to read and write the actual data.

The audio conversion manager 129 supports conversion between the native audio format (ADPCM) and the WAVE audio format. The native audio format will be used for recording and playback performed by the application 17. Audio files given to or obtained from other applications will be in the WAVE audio format.

The audio I/O manager 131 is responsible for audio file input and output. It understands the native format used internally for play and record operations.

The media message control manager 133 is responsible for:

- I. recording and playing greeting messages
- II. recording and playing voice mail messages
- III. playing the phone ringing sound

5 The call control manager 117 notifies the media message control manager 133 when any of the above functions need to be performed.

10 The dialling manager 135 is responsible for processing all dialling requests including making calls from the Phonebook, the Last Number Redial list and the Speed Dial list. It also keeps track of all required phone company dialling sequences (e.g. 3-way calling and call waiting).

15 The remote retrieval manager 137 is in charge of providing all functionality that can be accessed remotely. This functionality consists of:

- I. playing, saving and deleting voice messages,
- II. modifying a greeting message

20 According to one embodiment of the invention, the date and time that a voice message was received may be made available remotely, utilizing a text to speech OCX.

25 The voice mail manager 139 is responsible for playing previously recorded voice mail messages locally, either to the handset 11 or to a speaker device. This manager uses the smart data access manager 121 to get voice mail message file names and the media message control manager 133 to play the messages to the appropriate device.

30 The Microsoft Exchange® manager 141 provides an interface to all Microsoft Exchange® functionality required by the application 17. In order for all voice mail messages to appear in the Microsoft Exchange® Inbox, this manager adds a message to the Inbox folder of the user's message store for each voice mail message received.

As well, when the user wishes to play a voice mail message from Microsoft Exchange®, a form application is invoked (as discussed in greater detail herein having regard to the Microsoft Exchange UI application 107 which displays controls to play, stop, rewind and fast forward the message).

5

Since voice mail messages can be played both from the application 17 and from Microsoft Exchange®, these two applications are synchronized in terms of played and deleted messages. If the Phonebook entries of application 17 are to appear in the user's default Microsoft Exchange® address book, the Microsoft Exchange® manager 141 ensures that the Phonebook and address book are kept in sync.

10

In order to better understand how the application 17 and engine components of core 27 function, several call scenarios are described herein below with reference to the first embodiment of the invention, although an understanding of the second embodiment will also be obtained therefrom.

15

A. Incoming Call

When an incoming call is received, TAPI.DLL 31 sends a message to the line manager 113 for each ring. This notification is forwarded to the call control manager 117. On the first ring, the line manager 113 creates a new call object using the call manager 111 and the call control manager 117 notifies the main window component 83 of the incoming call. In response, the main window 57 displays the incoming call status as shown in Figure 10a wherein default button 63 displays a flashing bell icon. In Figure 10b, the control bar 79 is shown in the open position for displaying various call answer options (other than the default option provided by button 63), while in Figure 10c the same options are displayed via the phone menu item of menu bar 67.

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With each ring event, the call control manager 117 causes the media message control manager 133 to play a "phone ringing" sound to the appropriate local speaker device. If a "caller ID data received" notification is received by the line manager 113, the line manager asks the call manager 111 to store the caller ID data with the call's

object. The call control manager 117 then forwards the information to the call discrimination manager 123 and the main window component 83. The main window component 83 and the directory component 95 search the Phonebook directory for a match in stored telephone number with the identified telephone number of the calling party. In the event of no match being found, the unaltered CLID data is displayed in display area 61 (i.e. caller name and telephone number). In the event of a match, the caller's name and telephone number are displayed in display area 61 of main window 57. According to the alternative embodiment, the user's image may also be displayed as shown in Figure 10d.

The call control manager 117 uses the smart data access manager 121 to determine if the call should be blocked or screened. The resulting information is stored in the call's object. If the call is to be blocked, the call control manager 117 either hangs up on the caller or sends the call to voice mail.

If distinctive ring data is received by the line manager 113, it is stored in the call object and forwarded to the call discrimination manager 123.

With each ring event, the line manager 113 asks TAPI 31 for the answer ring count for the given line. If voice mail is turned on (which is determined from the configuration manager 127), after the required number of rings have occurred, the line manager 113 answers the call. The call control manager 117 then sends the call to voice mail, and forwards the information to the main window component 83 for display via display area 61 of main window 57, as shown in Figures 11a, 11b and 11c (wherein reference number 143 represents the Phone menu choice display from menu bar 67).

If a call is sent to voice mail, the call control manager 117 gets the file name of the greeting to be played to the caller from the smart data access manager 121. This can be done using caller ID. The call control manager 117 also obtains the name of a file to which the voice mail message can be saved. The two file names are then passed to the media message control manager 133. This manager first plays the

greeting to the appropriate line device. Once the greeting playback has finished, it plays a "beep tone" sound to the line device. Once this sound has finished playing, recording starts. When recording has finished, the call control manager 117 asks the media message control manager 133 to stop recording. At this point, the call control manager 117 sends the voice mail message data to the smart data access manager 121 which stores it, and the phone manager 115 causes the lamp 16 to flash at telephone set 1.

If the user has fax software running on computer 7, the phone manager 115 causes lamp 16 to flash upon receipt of an incoming fax. Similarly, it is contemplated that the lamp 16 may be caused to flash upon receipt of an incoming email message, or any multimedia message received via the computer 7.

If the user picks up the telephone handset or depresses the default button 63 while the call is in voice mail (Figure 12a), the call is taken out of voice mail and put in conversation mode (Figure 12b). If a voice mail message was in the process of being recorded, the voice mail data is sent to the smart data access manager 121.

If the user requests to divert the call to "Hold" and play the "Please Wait" message (e.g. by depressing the "Hold" function button 81 (Figure 10b)), the call control manager 117 asks the line manager 113 to put the call on hold. Then the call control manager 117 sends a request to the media message control manager 133 to play the "Please Wait" message. The call control manager 117 also send this information to main window component 83 which causes the icon 144 for default button 61 to change to "Retrieve from Hold" (Figure 13) and to display an "On Hold" message and hold timer 145.

When the user hangs-up the handset 11 or presses the "Hang Up" icon in default button 61 to complete the call (Figure 14a), call control call manager 117 advises main window component 83 which generates a "Hanging Up" message 147 in display area 61 (Figure 14b), and also retrieves the call data from the line manager 113 and passes it to the smart data access manager 121 which creates a call log entry

(described in greater detail below). Then the call object is deleted and call control manager 117 advises window component 83 which displays the idle state of window 57 with a "Your Line is Free" message 149 in display area 61 (Figure 14c).

5 B. Outgoing Call

Outgoing calls can be initiated in a number of ways, such as direct dial, store and dial, look-up name, speed dial and drag & drop name into the name field of display area 61, as discussed in greater detail below.

10

The user can dial directly from the telephone set 1 by either first picking up the handset 11 or pressing a speaker key to obtain dial tone and then dialling the phone number normally via the keypad 13. The user can also directly dial from application 17, as shown in Figures 15a to 15d. From the idle state (Figure 15a), the user clicks the "Make a Call" icon displayed in default button 63. In response, the main window component 83 sends a request to the dialling manager 135 to select a line. Upon selecting the line, dial tone is generated for the user and the call control manager 117 sends a message to main window component 83 for causing a cursor to flash in the "Number" field 151 of display area 61 (Figure 15b).

20

As digits are entered from the keypad 13 or keyboard 12 (Figure 15c), DTMF tones are generated and the dialling manager 135 constructs the relevant dial string and then asks the line manager 113 for a dialling prefix. If the user wishes to make a private call, the appropriate dialling characters are inserted into the dial string. If the digits entered match a Phonebook entry, the name of the person being called is displayed in the "Name" field 153 of display area 61 and the call timer 155 is displayed (Figure 15d). The dial string (and, if known, the name of the person being called) is then passed to the line manager 113 which creates a call object and initiates the call.

30

The user can also enter a phone number while on-hook, before out-pulsing the digits, as shown in Figures 16a to 16e. From the idle state (Figure 16a), the user

“clicks” the Number field 151. The cursor then flashes in the Number field 151 and the user begins entering digits (Figure 16b). As digits are entered, if a match is found in the Phonebook, the name of the person being called is displayed in the Name field 153 (Figure 16c) along with any label associated with the number (e.g. “Home”, “Office”). Then the user clicks the “Make a Call” icon appearing in default button 63, or hits the “Enter” key since the default button 63 is in “focus”, in response to which the line is selected and the digits are out-pulsed (Figure 16d), via appropriate interaction between line manager 113 and dialling manager 135, as discussed above. After dialling has been completed, the call timer 155 is displayed (Figure 16e).

The user can look-up a person by name without having to open the Phonebook. This calling sequence is shown in Figures 17a to 17f. From the idle state (Figure 17a), the user “clicks” the Name field 153. The cursor then flashes in the Name field 153 and the user begins entering letters of the name of the person to be called (Figure 17b). As letters are entered, the Phonebook is searched for matching names, the “found” portion of a matched name is then highlighted in the Name field 153, and a default phone number for the entry is displayed in the Number field 151 (Figure 17c). The user can select a different phone number for the person being called, from a drop-down list 157 activated by clicking on the down arrow at the right of the Number field 151 (Figure 17d). Once the desired number is selected and displayed in the Number field 151 (Figure 17e), the user clicks the “Make a Call” icon in default button 63 or hits the “Enter” key to select the line and begin digit out-pulsing, as described above. After dialling has been completed, the call timer 155 is displayed (Figure 17f).

Using speed dial, a user can quickly access a list of important or frequently called persons, without having to search the Phonebook, as shown in Figures 18a to 18d. From the idle state (Figure 18a), the user selects the “Dial” menu item from menu bar 67. From the “Speed Dial” list (Figure 18b), a name and preferred number are selected. The selected name and number are displayed (Figure 18c), a line is selected and out-pulsing begins as described above, and the default button 63 changes its icon to “Hang Up”. Once the dialling is complete, the call timer 155 starts (Figure

18d).

According to another feature of the present invention, the user can drag and drop (i.e. cut and paste) text from another application in order to make a call or perform a search. Thus, from the idle state (Figure 19a), the user can highlight a portion of text 159 (usually a person's name) from another application which supports drag and drop functionality (e.g. word processor, spreadsheet, Microsoft Exchange®, etc.), and drag the text out of the application and into window 57. As the user drags the text over the Name field 153, a drop symbol 161 appears under the mouse pointer (Figure 19b). Upon dropping the text in the Name field 153, the Phonebook is automatically searched and in response to a match the default number associated with the matched name is displayed in the Number field 151 (Figure 19c). By clicking on the default button 63 or hitting the "Enter" key, a line is selected and digit out-pulsing begins as described above (Figure 19d). Once the dialling is complete, the call timer 155 starts (Figure 19e).

Once the user has completed the call, the handset 11 can be returned to its cradle or the user can press the speaker key on telephone set 1. The user can also hang-up from main window 57 by clicking on the "Hang Up" icon of default button 63 or hitting the "Enter" key (Figure 20a). While disconnecting, the line status displays the "Hanging Up" message 147 (Figure 20b), and finally the display returns to the idle state (Figure 20c). Meanwhile, the call control manager 117 gets the call data from the line manager 113 and passes it to the smart data access manager 121 which creates a call log entry. Then the call object is deleted.

C. Conversation Modes

When the user is in a conversation with another party, the call can be in the following states:

- I. handset conversation
- II. speaker phone conversation

III. on hold

When the user wishes to switch between conversation modes, the main window component 83 sends a request to the call control manager 117. The call control manager forwards the request to the line manager 113 which updates the call object's call state to the appropriate conversation mode.

D. Central Office 3-Way Call

When the user wishes to initiate a 3-way call, the main window manager 83 sends a request to the dialling manager 135. The connection with the first party is established as described in the "Outgoing call" section appearing above. When the required call progress event(s) are received by the call control manager 117, the call control manager obtains the dial string required to call the third party from the dialling manager 135 and requests the line manager 113 to dial. When the next required call progress event(s) are received, the call control manager 117 obtains the dial string required to connect the three parties and sends it to the line manager 113 for dialling.

E. Call Waiting

The main window manager 83 sends requests to switch between calls to the dialling manager 135. The dialling manager then sends the appropriate dial strings to the call control manager 117 which forwards them to the line manager 113 for dialling.

F. Extension In Use Detection

According to another aspect of the present invention, if another extension on the line with which the application 17 is associated is taken off-hook, the phone manager 115 is informed. In response, the phone manager notifies the call control manager 117 which modifies the line's state using the line manager 113 and forward

the notification to the main window manager 83. The main window manager then causes the main window to display an in use state indicator in display area 61, as shown in Figure 21.

5 G. Adding a Person to Phonebook and Opening Profile

The user can add a caller or called party to the Phonebook, including CLID information. From the connected state (Figure 22a), the user rolls the mouse pointer 10 over the control bar actuator 65 (or, alternatively enters Alt + M on the keyboard 12), which causes the control bar 79 to appear (Figure 22b). The user then clicks on the "Add to Phonebook" icon in function button 81, which causes the Phonebook window 163 to open to a "New Entries" display (Figure 22c), thereby presenting the user with a list of new entries including the entry for the connected party 165 which is highlighted. The "New Entries" display is indicated as being open at the directories display appearing on the left side of window 163. The main window 57 remains in the background.

Within the Phonebook window 163, the user can move or make copies of entries by dragging entries from one list to another using the mouse pointer 10, or can search for entries using a "Find" command in the Tools menu of menu bar 164.

From within the Phonebook window 163, the user can access a profile for any entry by clicking the "open profile" button 167. Initially, the profile window 169 opens with the "Notes" tab 171 open (Figure 22d), thereby presenting the user with a list of notes (including sound files) relating to that person. However, by clicking on the appropriate tab the user can also open the Work tab (Figure 23a), Home tab (Figure 23b), Phone tab (Figure 23c), Personal tab (Figure 23d) or Shortcuts tab (Figure 23e).

The directory component 95 uses the smart data access manager 121 to add, delete, read and modify data accessible from the Phonebook (including the profile).

H. Retrieving a Message

The user can retrieve any new voicemail message from the main window 57, which provides an indication of the presence of waiting voicemail by the flashing icon 75 (Figure 24a) and a tool tip indicating the number of messages when the mouse pointer 10 passes over the icon 75 (Figure 24b). A right click on the mouse pointer 10 when positioned over the icon 75 opens a shortcut menu 172 for opening the Call Log (Figure 24c) to play the messages. To display the Call Log (as well as the Redial list, the Calls Missed list or the Calls Answered list), the main window component 83 requests the required information from the smart data access manager 121. Call log window 173 opens over the main window 57 and within a Voicemail subdirectory of the Calls Received directory displays the stored voicemail messages (Figure 24d).

Double clicking on the message icon 175 opens a recorder window 177 for automatically playing the voicemail message. Audio recording and playback requests from the user interface are sent to the smart data access manager 121 which returns an audio file ID. Requests to pause, stop, play, rewind, fast forward, etc. the media stream are sent to the media message control manager 133 using the audiofile ID.

I. Customized Diallers

According to another aspect of the invention, customizable diallers are provided via the software application 17 for allowing the user to create multiple unique dialling sequences which can be implemented during a single telephone call. This is particularly useful for navigating automated answering and information systems such as voice mail, telephone help lines, etc.

With reference to Figures 25a through 25d, various window displays are provided showing operation of the diallers feature according to the first embodiment. In Figure 25a, the dialler feature is shown being accessed via the Tools menu 74 of main window 57. As shown in Figure 25b, the dialler window 179 comprises a series of user defined categories or sections 181 of telephone numbers, office extensions or

access codes, etc. By clicking on any section 181, the section may be opened or closed, while a right click on the mouse opens a menu for editing, opening/closing, etc. Figure 25c shows a particular section 181 (i.e. "Citizen Info Line") in the open state. As indicated above, a double click on the name of the section closes it again. In the open state focus is initially on the first of a plurality of user buttons 183. By clicking on the focussed button or pressing the Enter key on keyboard 12, the number associated with the button is dialled and focus shifts to the next button. Each dialler button 183 can start a new call, continue a call in progress, or hang up. Standard modem dialler modifiers of the modem 23 are used to insert pauses, wait for dial tone, hookflash, etc., in a well known manner. In this way, a user is able to navigate through a complex series of dialling sequences without being required to memorize the sequence or wait for on-line instructions. As shown in Figure 25d, any button can be edited by effecting a right mouse click when the cursor is over the desired button 183. Likewise, a category or section 181 can also be renamed, deleted or added.

15

With reference to the alternative embodiment of Figures 5a though 5c above, the receptionist icon 73 was disclosed as providing access to a plurality of call features such as call screening, call blocking, greetings and personal messages. Upon clicking the receptionist icon 73, a "Personal Assistant" window 185 is displayed as shown in Figures 26a though 26d. The Personal Assistant window 185 includes a plurality of tabs identified as Call Screening (Figure 26a), Call Blocking (Figure 26b), Greetings (Figure 26c) and Personal Messages (Figure 26d). The functionality of each of these features is described within the window tabs of Figures 26a though 26d.

20

25

In Figures 27a through 27f, a configuration window 187 is shown having multiple user selectable tabs for configuring the phone 1 and application 17. This window is generated by the application configuration dialog 89 and phone configuration dialog 91 discussed above, and is launched from the Option menu selection from Tools menu 57 (Figure 25a).

30

With reference to Figure 27a, a Sounds tab 189 is provided to enable the user to customize up to three different ring styles for the telephone set 1 and to assign

predetermined sounds to call states such as "Answering to Hold", "Music on Hold", "Hold Reminder" and "Start recording beep". A Sounds button 190 causes a Sound Manager window to open, as shown in Figure 28.

5 With reference to Figure 27b, an Incoming Calls tab 191 is shown for specifying whether the first ring should be silenced, how the ring should be generated, auto-answering options and automatic launching of application 17 and opening of contact profile based on CLID.

10 Figure 27c shows the Audio Devices tab 193 for specifying whether the telephone set 1 or computer 7 are used for recording and listening to sounds and messages.

15 In Figure 27d, a Function Buttons tab 195 is shown which allows the user to assign functions to the programmable function keys 15. The user can assign either a special function, a speed dial, or a combination of both, to the keys 15. A designation Card portion 196 of the window is used to print an overlay card for identifying the functions/speed dials assigned to the various keys 15. As shown, the user can select the font, font size, printer and can then depress a Print Card button 198 which causes
20 the card to be printed with the selected functions/speed dials appearing thereon.

 Figure 27e shows the Voicemail tab 197 for configuring voicemail recording and retrieval features.

25 Figure 27f shows the Miscellaneous tab 199 for configuring various telephone and application preferences.

 As discussed briefly above, various sounds may be recorded and assigned to accompany predetermined functions. Figure 28 shows a Sound Manager window 201
30 for effecting such sound recording and editing, with available sounds being selected from a drop-down list. A sounds button 190 appears in each window in which the user is permitted to select a sound (e.g. the Sounds tab of Figure 27a), the depression of

which causes the Sound Manager window 201 to appear.

5 The above call scenarios are of an exemplary nature for describing how the application 17 and engine components of core 27 function, and are not intended to be exhaustive. Numerous other call scenarios are supported by the functionality set forth herein.

CLAIMS:

1. A computer-based telephony system, comprising:
a telephone set for implementing telephony functions on a telephone line, said
5 telephone set including a serial interface for bidirectional communication of data
signals; and
a computer executable software application for receiving first ones of said
data signals from said telephone set and in response implementing predetermined
software functions, and for transmitting further ones of said data signals to said
10 telephone set in response to a user input whereupon said telephone set implements
predetermined ones of said telephony functions.
2. The computer-based telephony system of claim 1, wherein said computer
executable software application generates and displays a window including an area
15 for indicating telephone call status responsive to one of either user input or receipt of
said first ones of said data signals, and context sensitive buttons for initiating one or
more of said telephony functions which are appropriate to said telephone call status.
3. The computer-based telephony system of claim 2, wherein at least one of said
20 buttons is a default button adjacent said area for indicating telephone call status, said
default button being provided for user initiation of a preferred one of said telephony
functions which is appropriate to said telephone call status.
4. The computer-based telephony system of claim 3, wherein said window
25 includes a control bar of further ones of said buttons which are sequentially arranged
adjacent said default button for user initiation of respective further ones of said
telephony functions which are appropriate to said telephone line status.
5. The computer-based telephony system of claim 3, wherein said default button
30 has focus in said window such that said preferred one of said telephony functions may
be initiated by pressing an Enter key on a computer executing said application.

6. The computer-based telephony system of claim 4, wherein said control bar is generated and displayed only in response to a predetermined user input.

5 7. The computer-based telephony system of claim 2, wherein said context sensitive buttons are identified by labels including at least one of an icon or text for describing said telephony functions which are appropriate to said telephone call status.

10 8. The computer-based telephony system of claim 2, wherein said window includes a status line having icons for indicating predetermined ones of said telephony functions which have been implemented.

15 9. The computer-based telephony system of claim 1, wherein said telephone set includes a plurality of user programmable function keys, and wherein said computer executable software application (I) generates and displays a window including an area depicting said user programmable function keys and a menu associated with each of said depicted programmable function keys, said menu containing a plurality of user-selectable ones of said predetermined software functions and said telephony functions to be assigned to respective ones of said programmable function keys, (ii) transmits
20 predetermined further ones of said data signals to said telephone set in response to user selection of said predetermined software functions and said telephony functions whereby said telephone set assigns said predetermined software functions and telephony functions to respective ones of said user programmable function keys on said telephone set, and (iii) prints an overlay card listing each one of said
25 predetermined software functions and telephony functions assigned to respective ones of said user programmable function keys for placement on said telephone set.

30 10. The computer-based telephony system of claim 2, wherein said computer executable software application maintains a phonebook database and generates and displays a phonebook window including an area for indicating names and default telephone numbers of frequently called persons and a button for initiating a call to a selected one of said persons.

11. The computer-based telephony system of claim 10, wherein said computer executable software application generates a profile window associated with each of said frequently called persons, for each of said persons said profile window including a graphic image of that person, the person's first and last name, and a plurality of selectable tabs for selectively displaying additional information concerning the person and options for automatic implementation of selected ones of said predetermined telephony functions and predetermined software functions.

12. The computer-based telephony system of claim 11, wherein one of said plurality of selectable tabs is a notes tab for displaying textual notes and icons for initiating playback of sound files associated with said person.

13. The computer-based telephony system of claim 11, wherein one of said plurality of selectable tabs is a work tab for displaying full work address for said person.

14. The computer-based telephony system of claim 11, wherein one of said plurality of selectable tabs is a home tab for displaying a full home address for said person.

15. The computer-based telephony system of claim 11, wherein one of said plurality of selectable tabs is a phone tab for displaying a plurality of telephone numbers associated with said person in addition to the default telephone number for said person.

16. The computer-based telephony system of claim 11, wherein one of said plurality of selectable tabs is a tab for customizing greetings to be played when said person calls.

17. The computer-based telephony system of claim 11, wherein one of said plurality of selectable tabs is a shortcuts tab containing a field for displaying icons representing additional software applications which can either be automatically

executed in response to one or both of calls being placed to said person or received from said person or manually executed by mouse clicking on said icons.

5 18. The computer-based telephony system of claim 2, wherein said window further includes an information display area for displaying name, telephone number and graphic image of a called or calling party.

10 19. The computer-based telephony system of claim 18, wherein said computer executable software application maintains a phonebook database including said name, telephone number and graphic image, and automatically searches said database in the event of an incoming call containing caller line identification data for a match between said caller line identification data and said telephone number and in the event of a match automatically displays said name, telephone number and graphic image in said display area of said window.

15 20. The computer-based telephony system of claim 1, wherein said computer executable software application includes a user customizable dialler for dialling a plurality of numbers associated with a user defined category in accordance with a user selected dialling sequence.

20 21. The computer-based telephony system of claim 20, wherein said computer executable software application displays a window showing a user selected name for each said category and a plurality of buttons each with a user selected label.

22. A computer based telephony system substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

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